

THE RIO NEWS.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, JULY 18TH, 1899.

NUMBER 29

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São Paulo:

Through express trains leave the Central Station daily at 6 a. m. and 3.30 p. m. (dominitorio); returning leaves S. Paulo at 5 a. m. and 5 p. m. (dominitorio). Change of cars both ways at Taubaté.

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Bello Horizonte:

Trains leave station of General Carneiro, on main line of Central railway, at 2.21 p. m. and 11.10 a. m., the latter a mixed train.

Covadonga:

Regular trains, week days, leave St. Rua Cosme Velho, Laranjeiras, at 8 and 11 a. m. and 2 and 5.30 p. m., returning leave the summit at 7.30 and 9.30 a. m. and 1.45 and 7 p. m. On Sundays and holidays, the hours are: ascending 6.30, 8.30 and 11 a. m., 12.30, 2.30, 5.15 and 8 p. m.; descending, 8.35, 10.55, 11.35 a. m., 1.20, 2.35, 4.05, 6.7 and 9 p. m. Each train gives the excursionist half an hour on the summit.

Official Directory

U. S. LEGATION.—Petropolis. CHARLES PAGE BRYAN, Minister.

BRITISH LEGATION.—No. 1, Rua Visconde de Itaboraí (opposite Custom House). Petropolis EDWARD C. H. PHIPPS, Minister.

AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL.—No. 99, Rua 1º de Março. EUGENE SEIGER, Consul General.

BRITISH CONSULATE GENERAL.—No. 1, Rua Visconde de Itaboraí (opposite Custom House).

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Church Directory

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Service is held every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. There is a Celebration of the Holy Communion on the first and third Sundays in the month at 11 a. m. and on the second and fourth Sundays at 6 a. m., also on Saints' Days according to announcements. Baptisms and marriages at times to be arranged with the Chaplain, for whom communications may be sent to Crashley & Co. 36 Rua do Ouvidor.

Irvine Crawshaw, M. A.,
British Chaplain.

7, Rua Meudo de Sá, Icarahy.
IGREJA EVANGELICA LUTHERANA.—Rua Largo de S. Joaquim, No. 170.—Divine service in Portuguese on Sundays. Prayer meeting at 10 a. m. on Wednesdays at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. on Thursdays at 5 p. m. on Wednesdays. Biblical study and preaching at 7 p. m.

JOAO M. G. DOS SANTOS, Pastor.
METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Largo do Catete. English services at 11 a. m. Sundays. Prayer meeting service Thursday, 7.30 p. m. Portuguese services at 10 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sundays; 7 p. m. Wednesdays.—JAS. L. KENNEDY, Pastor. Sunday school 11 a. m. at Fabrica Carolina, Sundays, 11 a. m. and 4 p. m. Rev. FRANK WIEDERHOFER.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—No. 15, Travessa da Barreira. Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., and at 7 p. m. Thursdays.

ALVARO R. DOS REIS, Pastor.

Residence: On the Church premises.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—No. 25, Rua de Santa Anna. Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., and every Wednesday at 7 p. m.

W. B. BAGBY, D. D., Pastor.

Caixa 537.

IGREJA PRESBYTERIANA DO RIACHUELO.—No. 224, Rua D. Anna Nery, Estação do Riachuelo. Services, Sundays 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Wednesdays 7 p. m. FRANKLIN H. NACIMENTO, Pastor. Primary school in the church building.

PETROPOLIS METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Avenida Marechal Deodoro, No. 9. English service at 4 p. m. Sundays. Portuguese services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sundays; 7.30 p. m. Wednesdays. Sunday school at 10 a. m.

EDMUNDO A. VILLI, Pastor.

Professional Directory

Dr. William Frederick Eisenhagen. German Physician. Office: 78, Rua General Camara. Consulting hours from 12 to 3 p. m.

Dr. Briesay, Surgeon, graduate of the Faculty of Paris. Specialist in diseases of females, urinary passages. Radical cure of hernias, hemorrhoids, tumors, surgical diseases of the bones, and surgical operations. Consultations from 1 to 3 p. m., Rua Quitanda, No. 42.

Enéas M. Ferraz, lawyer, specialist in commercial and civil cases, after long stay in London, is pleading in S. Paulo. Office: Rua de Santa Theresa n. 20 A—S. Paulo.

Dr. Carlos Feldhagen; Offices: No. 20, Rua 1º de Março, 2 to 4 p. m.; residence: No. 57, Rua Marquez de Abrantes.

Miscellaneous.

AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY'S AGENCY.—No. 20, Rua d' Ajuda.—H. C. TUCKER, Agent.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY'S AGENCY.—Rua Sete de Setembro, No. 71.—On sale, the Holy Scriptures in Portuguese, English, French, German, Italian, Spanish and other languages.

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BRITISH SUBSCRIPTION LIBRARY AND READING ROOM. 31, Rua Gonçalves Dias.—Open from noon to 6 p. m.—For terms, apply to Librarian.

THE SEAMEN'S MISSION.—Rest and Reading Room 10, Rua Camerino (formerly Imperatriz); 3rd floor; W. J. LEAHY, Missioner. Gifts of books, magazines, papers, etc., also of left-off clothing, will be gratefully received at the Mission, or at No. 27, Cau-delaria.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—No. 39, Rua da Quitanda, 2nd floor. Rooms open from 3 a. m. to 10 o'clock p. m. Secretary's office hours from noon to 1 o'clock p. m. Nicolaus A. Rodrigues, President; Myron A. Clark, General Secretary, K. A. W. Sloan, Hon. Treasurer.

WEST COAST ITEMS.

—The Peruvian national congress reopened on the 13th inst.

—Recruiting for the Iquitos campaign is said to be proceeding actively in Peru.

—It is said that the government of Costa Rica has succeeded in borrowing a million sterling in Europe. It will, in all probability, ultimately go to swell the annual reports of the council of foreign bondholders.

—The military tribunal at Lima proposes to cite General Cáceres to appear before it and answer to charges of conspiracy. But Cáceres was exiled! How can he be cited to appear in Lima until the decree of exile is annulled?

RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

—The grasshoppers are reported to have appeared in the province of Corloba.

—The Santa Fé flour syndicate has appointed Sr. José Joaquim Gonçalves as its representative in Brazil.

—The June customs receipts at Montevideo were \$552,884.84 which shows a decrease on June 1898, and an increase on June, 1897.

—A Buenos Aires telegram of the 16th says that the Rincón colony has been destroyed by a cyclone, leaving 2,000 families without shelter.

—The Chilean minister at Buenos Aires, Sr. Deputron, died in that city on the 16th inst. from an attack of pneumonia after an illness of only three days.

—President Roca has notified the Uruguayan government that he can stop in Montevideo only forty-eight hours, as he wishes to arrive in Rio on August 4th.

—A London and Brazilian Bank clerk at Montevideo had the good fortune to win two-fifths (\$20,000) of the *sorte grande* drawn in the lottery there on the 4th inst.

—Reports are current at Buenos Aires that President Campos Salles will come to that city later on to return President Roca's visit. And Montevideo cries *¡a!*—fearing that it may be overlooked.

—The Argentine finance minister declines to remove the additional 10 per cent on customs duties, because it forms a part of his calculations and the treasury wants the money. But will the tax furnish it?

—Arrangements are being made in Buenos Aires to hold an international medical congress there next year. Let us hope that it will have sufficient effect on the average Argentine sanitary doctor's mind to enable him to discriminate between an attack of yellow fever and a whig drunk.

—A gang of counterfeiters has been unearthed in Buenos Aires, of which the following men have been arrested: Onsejo, Lupke, Fernandez Uchou and Perez. The last two are said to have been prosecuted for counterfeiting in Brazil. Among the counterfeiters, some well-executed £5 notes of the Bank of England were found. It would seem full time to stult these rascals up for a season!

—The *Buenos Aires Herald* of the 7th inst. says that the reports about payments offered to Minister Buchanan for his services in the Puna de Atacama arbitration, are pure fabrications. No agreement has been made between Argentina and Chili about it, consequently no offer whatever has been made. It is only one more proof of the absolute unreliability of the telegraphic news now received.

—The mayor of Buenos Aires has fined the editor of a sheet called *El Alegre* the sum of \$100 for certain articles in a recent issue and ordered it destroyed. We are glad to hear that steps have at last been taken to suppress the indecencies of many of the publications of that city. We have seen illustrations in some of them that would disgust a hog, and which no reflecting government would permit for one moment. But not only were they sold, but were openly exhibited in shop windows.

—The members of the sugar ring in Tucuman have now agreed on their future proceedings with regard to the sale of sugar. All factory owners and refineries have signed an agreement which comes into force on May 21st of next year by which all their sugar is to be sold through the medium of a commission consisting of five sugar factory proprietors and three *sapientes*, these latter to be appointed at the sugar fabricantes meeting to be held in this city. It has also been agreed that should next year's yield give over a hundred thousand tons, any excess over this shall be exported.—*Times*, Buenos Aires.

—Twelve large cases were sent by General Roca, President of the Argentine republic, for the Argentine stall in the Claring Cross Hospital Bazaar at the Albert Hall, London on Wednesday and Thursday. The cases contained nearly 700 articles of native produce, chiefly for rugs and furs in great variety (chinchilla, vicuña, guanaco, zorrino, lynx, leopard, alpaca, etc.), ostrich, penguin, and swan feather rugs, native fine lace (doilies, fans, handkerchiefs, and collars), ponchos in real vicuña and other tissues, hammocks, silver-mounted whips, bridles and bits, lassos, photographs, etc. The stall was presided over by Mme. V. de Dominguez, assisted by Mme. Roca and Mlle. Roca, Lady Grey-Egerton, Comtesse Le Gonidec, Mrs. Marshall, and Miss D'Arcy.—*Textile Mercury*, June 24.

—A Paris telegram of the 12th inst. says that the bankers entrusted with the task of floating a new Argentine loan, have advised Mr. Pellegrini that it is impossible to effect this until the government of that country realizes a financial reorganization and makes large economies in its budgets.

—The *Paiz* correspondent says that President Roca's suite will consist of two ministers, three secretaries, one vice-admiral, one colonel, two majors, two naval lieutenants, one physician, one priest, three senators, five deputies and eleven other gentlemen—or 32 persons in all. The expense of the trip is estimated at \$80,000, which will probably be much under the reality.

—Within the next few weeks we are likely to hear a great many complimentary things said in Brazil about President Roca, but it is not likely that any of the papers or speakers in Rio will reproduce or mention the fact that he is openly charged in Buenos Aires with providing pleasure trips to Europe for his political clowns at the expense of the state. The plea alleged against him is that he has given several of them commissions for which there was not the slightest necessity, and so wasted the revenues of the country.

—The treasury has published a table showing the state of the public debt of the republic on July 1st, the beginning of the new financial year. On January 1st, the amount of debt in circulation was \$127,280,242. Since then there has been issued of new debt, \$1,400,000 of the extraordinary loan 3rd series (not yet actually in circulation) and there has been amortised \$650,780 bringing the total amount of debt on July 1st up to \$128,033,462, or say \$27,239,035. The service of this debt demands for annual interest \$5,395,668 and for amortisation \$1,678,668, making a total annual service of \$7,074,336. As we have frequently commented on the great burden such a debt is to a country of about 800,000 inhabitants and with a budget of \$16,000,000 we say no more on the present occasion.—*Montevideo Times* July 5.

—At last it would appear that something is going to be done to rehabilitate the good name that Argentine flour once bore in the Brazilian market. The National Association of Millers, which is formed of all the leading millers in the city of Buenos Aires and the province of Buenos Aires, have appointed Messrs. Ashworth and Co. their sole representatives in the Brazilian market, and as it has been resolved to manufacture only standard brands of flour it is to be hoped that the bad name at present possessed by Argentine flour in the market will be changed. In the meantime the Santa Fé and Entre Rios millers have not been idle and they have formed a somewhat similar society, appointing a leading firm in Brazil to represent them. At first glance it seems somewhat foolish that we should have two societies formed for one and the same object, but it only comes from the jealousy that has always existed in the upper provinces against any lead taken by Buenos Aires. If the two societies can carry out their programme as it has been laid down, some good may be done; but for our part we are afraid that the Brazilian market will never be so profitable to us as it was in years gone by, principally on account of the mills which have been established and which are now taking much more wheat from us than in previous years.—*Review*, Buenos Aires, July 8.

SANTOS ATHLETIC CLUB.

Tenth annual sports meeting is to be held on the Club ground at José Menino on the 15th August next. The events are:

Throwing the cricket ball, open.
100 yards flat race, open.
Long jump, open.
Putting the weight, open.
(120 yards flat (challenger cup) open to members of Santos Athletic Club only).
High jump, open.
Bicycle race, 1 mile, members only.
220 yards flat race, handicap, open.
120 yards hurdle race, 10 flights, open.
Girls race.
1/4 mile flat race, handicap, open.
Thread-the-needle race, open.
Three legged race, open.
Married men's race, 120 yards, handicap, members only.
Sack race, open.
Walking race, one mile, handicap, open.
Jerusalem donkey race, 100 yards, open.
Tug-of-war, married versus single.
Consolation race, open.

The secretary informs us that the entrance fee for each event for members is 2500 and for non-members \$800. All desiring to enter for the events must address themselves to Mr. F. J. Colbourne, Caixa 56, Santos, before the 2nd August.

The challenge cup has just arrived from England, and is a present from one of the best friends of the club, Mrs. E. O. Broad. It is silver and has been made by the firm of Mappin and Webb.

For those who find difficulty in articulating English, the following exercise will be found invaluable. Please repeat it rapidly twice or three times:

A tutor who tooted the flute,
Tried to tutor two tutors to toot;
Said the two to the tutor 'Is it harder to toot, or
To tutor two tutors to toot?'

Banks.**LONDON AND BRAZILIAN BANK, LIMITED.**

Capital..... £ 1,500,000
Capital paid up..... " 750,000
Reserve fund..... " 600,000

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

BRANCH OFFICE IN RIO DE JANEIRO
10, Rua da Alfandega

Draws on Head Office and the following Branches and Agencies:

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CAMPINAS, RIO GRANDE DO SUL,
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Messrs. Schroder & Co., J. H. Schroder & Co.,
nachf. HAMBURG.
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Established in Hamburg on 16th December,
1887 by the "Direction der Disconto Gesellschaft"
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burg," Hamburg.

Capital. . . 10,000,000 Marks.

BRANCH OFFICE IN RIO DE JANEIRO.
(Caixa 520.)Branch-offices in São Paulo and Santos
(Caixa 520.) (Caixa 185.)

Draws on:

Germany..... Direction der Disconto
Gesellschaft, Berlin
Norddeutsche Bank in
Hamburg, Hamburg
M. A. von Rothschild
Söhne, Frankfurt a M. and corres-
pondents.
England..... N. M. Rothschild & Sons, London
Manchester and Liverpool.
District Banking Company, Limited,
London.
Union Bank of London, Limited,
London.
Wm. Brandt's Sons & Co., London.
France..... Crédit Lyonnais, Paris and branches.
Heine & Co., Paris.
Comptoir National d'Escompte de
Paris, Paris.
Lazard Frères & Co., Paris.
De Neufville & Co., Paris.
Portugal..... Banco Lisboa & Açores and orres-
pondents.
and any other countries.
Opens accounts current.
Pays interest on deposits for a certain time.
Executes orders for purchases and sales of stocks,
shares, etc., and transacts every description of bank-
ing business.
Petersen-Theil,
Directors.

THE LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK, LIMITED.

LONDON: Princes Street, E. C.

PARIS: 16, Rue Halévy.

Rio de Janeiro:

No. 21, Rua da Alfandega.

Authorized by Decree No. 591, of 17th October, 1891.

Subscribed capital. £ 1,500,000
Realized do " 900,000
Reserve fund " 1,000,000

BRANCHES:

Paris, 16, rue Halévy, Pernambuco, Pará, Santos,
S. Paulo, Buenos Aires, Montevideo, Rosario,
Monteaz and Paysandú.

DRAWS ON:

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First National Bank of Chicago.—CHICAGO.

THE BRITISH BANK OF SOUTH AMERICA, LIMITED.HEAD OFFICE: 2 A, MOORGATE ST.
London E. C.

Capital..... £ 1,000,000
Idem paid up..... " 500,000
Reserve fund..... " 320,000

Office in Rio de Janeiro:

31 A, Rua 1ª de Março

Branches at:

S. PAULO, SANTOS, BAHIA, PARA, MONTEVIDEO
BUENOS AIRES AND ROSARIO.Agencies at Pernambuco, Ceará, Maranhão and
Rio Grande do Sul.

Draws on its Head Office in London:

The London Joint Stock Bank, Limited,
LONDON.

Messrs. Heine & Co., PARIS.

Messrs. J. Berenberg Gossler & Co., HAMBURG.

and correspondents in Germany.

Messrs. Roest & Co., and correspondents in ITALY.

The Bank of New York, N. B. A., NEW YORK.

Receives deposits at notice or for fixed periods and
transacts every description of banking business.**BANQUE FRANÇAISE DU BRÉSIL, AUTHORIZED BY**

Decree No. 2,432 of 2nd January, 1897.

CAPITAL: Frs. 10,000,000 (Ten million Francs.)

HEAD OFFICE:

9, RUE LAFFITTE, Paris.

Branch Office in Rio de Janeiro:

78, Rua da Quitanda

P. O. B. 58.

Branches at S. Paulo and Santos.

Draws on:

Head Office.
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Pa-
ris, and agencies.
Société Générale pour favoriser le dé-
veloppement du Commerce et de
l'Industrie en France, and agencies
Heine & Co., Paris.
Lazard Frères & Co., Paris.
Périer Mercet & Co., Paris.

PARIS AND FRANCE
(Union Bank of London, Limited,
London Joint Stock Bank, Limited,
Paris's Bank, Limited,
Dresdner Bank, Dresden, and bran-
ches.
Lazard Frères & Co.,
J. Henry Schroder & Co.,
Kleinwort & Sons,
A. Ruffer & Sons.)

GERMANY
(Direction der Disconto Gesellschaft
Deutsche Bank, Berlin, and branches
Dresdner Bank, Dresden, and bran-
ches.
Schroeder Gebrüder & Co., Hamburg.
Conrad Hinrich Donner, Hamburg.
Norddeutsche Bank, Hamburg.
L. Behrens & Söhne, Hamburg.
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and their correspondents.
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ITALY
(Banca Commerciale Italiana, Genova
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AND ANY OTHER COUNTRY

Opens accounts current.
Pays interest for fixed periods; executes orders for
purchases and sales of stocks, shares, etc. and trans-
acts every description of banking business.

Henri Joly.

Manager.

Nectandra Amara Pills.

These wonderful pills, so useful and
beneficial in all affections of the stomach
and intestines, are obtainable in all places
where a post-office exists; the manufactur-
er will forward by registered mail and
to any given address, if accompanied by
money: 1 box for 25\$00, 1/2 dozen boxes for
12\$00 and One dozen boxes for 20\$00.

Address: JOAQUIM BUENO DE MI-
RANDA, No. 74, Rua de S. Pedro, 1st floor
Rio de Janeiro.

BANCO DA REPUBLICA DO BRAZIL

Realized Capital. . Rs. 110,150,200\$000

N. B. This capital to be
reduced to Rs. 100,000,000\$ in accordance with
the Government's Decree of 8th May 1897.

Reserve Fund. . . Rs. 19,537,044\$811

Profits in suspense . Rs. 9,075,823\$568
on 30th June 1898.

OFFICE IN RIO DE JANEIRO

9, Rua da Alfandega.

Agencies at Pará, Maranhão, Ceará, Pernambuco
Bahia, Victoria, Santos, S. Paulo, Desterro
Rio Grande do Sul, Porto Alegre, Pelotas.

Draws on:

Messrs. N. M. Rothschild & Sons,
London & County Banking Co. Ltd.
Messrs. Baring Brothers & Co. Ltd.

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Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.

Commerz und Diskonto Bank in Hamburg.

Banco de Portugal

LISBON.

Opens accounts current;

Pays interest on Deposits for fixed periods.
Executes orders for purchases and sales of
stocks, shares, etc., and transacts every
description of banking business.

BRITISH BANK, PAST & PRESENT

R. C. A. A.

This match was played on the 14th inst.,
and resulted in a win by the association. We
were glad to see the British Bank captain,
Roberts, return to some of his old form, play-
ing two fine innings of 21 and 31. Elworthy's
bowling for the Bank was the most noticeable
feature, taking 5 wickets for 34 runs.

The score was as follows:

BRITISH BANK	
1st innings	
A. C. Wilson, b. Stevens.....	8
R. Willes, ct. P. Morrissey, b. Stevens.....	8
J. W. Elworthy, b. Stevens.....	7
A. M. Benn, b. do.....	2
E. A. Roberts, b. W. Morrissey.....	21
J. J. Lowndes, run out.....	1
H. Evers, b. W. Morrissey.....	1
C. Robinson, b. Allen.....	0
A. H. Davison, b. W. Morrissey.....	0
E. J. Gibbon, b. Allen.....	1
Sub., not out.....	1
Extras.....	4
Total.....	55

2nd innings

R. Willes, ct. Stevens, b. Allen.....	10
J. J. Lowndes, ct. Allen, b. Ginn.....	1
J. W. Elworthy, ct. Allen, b. Ginn.....	7
E. A. Roberts, ct. W. Morrissey, b. P. Morrissey.....	31
A. M. Benn, b. Stevens.....	4
A. C. Wilson, b. do.....	1
C. Robinson, not out.....	6
H. Evers.....	0
E. J. Gibbon.....	0
Sub. did not bat.....	0
A. H. Davison.....	5
Extras.....	1
Total.....	65

R. C. & A. A.

W. Morrissey, ct. Gibbon, b. Roberts.....	19
W. Ginn, ct. Sub, b. Wilson.....	23
P. C. Morrissey, b. Roberts.....	2
H. Hargreaves, ct. Benn, b. Roberts.....	24
G. Nicolls, b. Elworthy.....	10
G. Lomas, ct. Willes, b. Roberts.....	8
C. Allen, b. Elworthy.....	0
A. Breach, b. do.....	0
E. Matheson, not out.....	12
A. G. Blake, b. Elworthy.....	43
A. Stevens, ct. Evers, b. Elworthy.....	13
Extras.....	14
Total.....	122

CRICKET AT ICARAHY.

R. C. A. A. vs. LEOPOLDINA RAILWAY.

This match took place at the association
ground on the 16th inst. and after a pleasant
game resulted in a win for the R. C. A. A. by
27 runs. For the winners Roberts, Lomas,
Ginn and Morony were useful for the losers whose
fielding was, taking it all round, smart and
decidedly superior to that of the home side.
This is the first occasion that the Leopoldina
team has appeared here and they have put
doubtless plenty of cricket talent available,
and with practice will be able to put a very
creditable eleven into the field.

The scores were as follows:—

R. C. A. A.	
E. Morrissey, b. Morony.....	2
J. B. Mawson, b. do.....	0
W. Ginn, b. do.....	9
G. H. Lomas, ct. and b. Mawson.....	15
E. Roberts, ct. Cobby, b. Mawson.....	21
H. Hargreaves, ct. Dickinson, b. Mawson.....	21
C. Allen, ct. Mawson, b. Follet Holt.....	4
J. Elworthy, run out.....	0
S. Francis, b. Follet Holt.....	0
A. Breach, not out.....	0
F. S. Vole, did not bat.....	0
Extras.....	4

Innings declared closed..... 68

LEOPOLDINA RAILWAY.

1st innings.

A. B. Dickson, b. Allen.....	1
H. C. Bocquet, ct. Youle, b. Ginn.....	8
H. R. Latham, b. Ginn.....	5
J. A. Mawson, b. Allen.....	10
G. E. Kennedy, ct. Mawson, b. Allen.....	0
F. E. Cobby, ct. Elworthy, b. Ginn.....	0
F. Morony, b. Ginn.....	7
Follet Holt, ct. Lomas, b. Ginn.....	1
C. J. Thornton, ct. and b. Allen.....	1
L. W. Makin, l.b.w. b. Allen.....	0
Etchegary, not out.....	3
Extras.....	5

2nd innings.

H. R. Latham, ct. Allen, b. Mawson.....	6
A. B. Dickson, ct. Roberts, b. Ginn.....	5
Follet Holt, ct. Hargreaves, b. do.....	8
J. A. Mawson, ct. Morrissey, b. Mawson.....	0
F. Morony, b. Ginn.....	0
G. E. Kennedy, not out.....	6
F. E. Cobby, ct. Lomas, b. Ginn.....	9
C. J. Thornton, not out.....	2
Etchegary.....	0
L. W. Makin { did not bat }.....	0
H. C. Bocquet.....	0
Extras.....	4

Total for 6 wickets..... 40

S. A. C. vs. S. PAULO RAILWAY C. C.

The second contest this season between the
above clubs took place on the 9th inst. at the
S. A. C. club ground and resulted in a win for
the home team by 107 runs.

The visitors won the toss and elected to bat.
The first wicket fell for 18 runs, then Stewart
was caught at the wicket from an unlucky
snick off Kealman before scoring and then the
bowlers met with little opposition up to the
9th wicket which added 27 runs.

The S. P. R. C. C. captain, Mr. F. Fforde
played a very plucky uphill game, and his
innings of 33, though not faultless, obtained
for him well earned applause on his retiring to
the pavilion.

The S. A. C. began badly and with three
wickets down for 28, it looked as if the railway
team would have an easy time in the field,
but Stock, though not playing his usual game,
came to the rescue and helped Kealman to
put on 41 runs for the next wicket, practically
placing the result beyond doubt. Kealman
played well for his 47 runs, which we believe
is his record score for any match, and though
he gave several chances, it was pleasing to all
good wishers of the Club to see the man who
has done so much for it coming back to his
old form, if not something better.

Webster bowled well for the visitors, taking
7 wickets for 68 runs; and Tomlinson did the
best work for the home team, his 3 wickets
costing 14 runs. The bowlers, with a few
exceptions, did not get much help from the
fielding which was anything but brilliant.

The scores were:

S. PAULO RAILWAY C. C.

A. N. Crompton, b. Tracey.....	9
T. Pndney, run out.....	10
R. Stewart, ct. Cross, b. Kealman.....	0
J. Hart, run out.....	7
F. Fforde, st. Cross, b. Kealman.....	33
J. Webster, b. Tomlinson.....	0
L. M. Howe, l. b. w. b. Tomlinson.....	0
W. Holland, b. Tomlinson.....	2
J. Macintyre, ct. Stock, b. Kealman.....	4
R. Strange, b. Wheatley.....	7
E. G. Knight, not out.....	0
Byes.....	4

Total..... 76

SANTOS ATHLETIC CLUB.

A. Kealman, b. Holland.....	45
A. M. Burgess, ct. Webster, b. Stewart.....	4
H. L. Wheatley, b. Webster.....	8
A. Richards, b. Webster.....	0
C. L. Stock, l. b. w. b. Webster.....	19
J. A. Cross, ct. Holland, b. Fforde.....	43
H. P. Smith, ct. Howe, b. Webster.....	18
G. Tomlinson, b. Webster.....	2
F. Tracey, ct. Howe, b. Webster.....	13
A. T. Smith, not out.....	10
E. A. Carré, b. Webster.....	6
Extras.....	6

Total..... 183

BASEBALL IN S. PAULO.

The game between the American Dentists
and the São Paulo Athletic Club was played
on the 9th inst. in which the "Professors"
(Dentists) won by the score of 18 to 12. The
weather was fine, and the teams put up
the best baseball ever seen in S. Paulo. Pres-
ident Walker captained the "Athletics"
(Club), and had his field and bases excellently
protected, with Dunlop in the box and Miller
catching. Baumgardner, representing the
"Professors", won the toss, choosing the field,
and the opposing team sent Dunlop to open at
the bat. Umpire Guerin called the game
promptly at 2 o'clock, and tossed the ball to
Voris, who sent the spheres spinning over the
plate, and Dunlop hit safely. Miller followed
with a fly ball to left field, and Dunlop and
Miller both scored on Lock's hot liner.
Brown opened for the "Professors", but did
not reach first base, and Baumgardner followed
with no better success. Rendall hit safely to
left field, Voris succeeding with a two-bagger,
and both scoring on Prettyman's heavy drive
out centre. Harvey made the fourth run for

the "Professors" in their half of the 1st innings. In the 2nd, the "Athletics" were held down to one run, and their opponents fared no better, but the former scored 4 in the 3rd innings, and the latter 2 runs. In the first half of the 4th, Voris' arm became "glassy" and he was substituted in pitching by Harvey, whose curves had a very mystifying effect, and the whole side was out without scoring. The "Professors" in their turn made two runs, but in the 5th were retired before any man reached the home plate, the "Athletics" having scored two. The feature of this innings was King's sensational running one handed catch in left field. In the 6th, the "Athletics" filled all the bases, when Dunlop struck a fly ball which was caught by Baumgardner, who, touching 2nd base and throwing to 1st, put two more men out who were running bases, making a triple play. The "Professors" again failed to count in the second half of the 6th, but being one ahead on the total score up to that time. In the 7th and 8th innings, the "Professors" managed to put on 3 and 6 runs to their opponents' one, and the latter having only compiled 3 in their 8th inning, there was no necessity for the former to go in again, as their score stood at 18 to the 12 of the "Athletics".

For the "Athletics", King is deserving of special mention for his protection of left field, while Goodier, Turnley and Lock were faithful to their posts. Kearney was reliable at 2nd base and made a fine batting record. Dunlop and Miller performed excellent battery work, striking several out, and giving few, if any, bases on balls.

For the "Professors", Harvey's curved pitching was a matter of comment, the hits off his delivery being few and straggling. Rendall and Brown both made home runs, and Voris and Harvey three-base hits, many other plays of interest on both sides not being chronicled.

Mr. Guerin, an umpire, was very severe in his decisions, but possesses the admirable and very desirable quality of seeing them carried out, both teams feeling that his umpiring was impartial in every way. The game lasted 2 hours and 20 minutes. Dr. Ramsdell took care of the scoring, and a large crowd of enthusiastic spectators witnessed the match.

AMERICAN DENTISTS

Innings.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Brown, 3 B....	1	1	1						
Baumgardner S.S....	1	1	1						
Rendall, C....	1	1	1						
Voris, F....	1	1	1						
Prettyman, 2 B....	1	1	1						
Harvey, 1 B....	1	1	1						
Jeffries, R F....	1	1	1						
Davis, C F....	1	1	1						
Lane, L F....	1	1	1						

Total runs... 4 1 2 0 0 3 6 -18

S. PAULO ATHLETIC CLUB

Innings.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Dunlop, P....	1	1	1						
Miller, C....	1	1	1						
Lock, C F....	1	1	1						
Walker, 1 B....	1	1	1						
Kearney, 2 B....	1	1	1						
Goodier, 3 B....	1	1	1						
Fairchild, S.S....	1	1	1						
King, L F....	1	1	1						
Turnley, C F....	1	1	1						

Total runs... 2 1 4 0 1 0 1 0 3-12

PERNAMBUCO CRICKET CLUB.

The Secretary's XIII played the Treasurer's XIII on the 2nd inst., which resulted in an easy victory for the former. The interesting feature of the game was that the secretary, Mr. G. S. Fellows, had announced the event as his last appearance as a practical cricketer, but the wickets of the treasurer's (Mr. W. J. McMurtrie) side went down so easily for 52, that it has deferred the "last appearance", and, as in the case of Mr. Sims Reeves, the famous tenor, we hope Mr. Fellows' last appearances will be announced for several years to come, to see him bat and bowl on the same side as his two sons. It was a surprise to everybody to find Mr. McMurtrie's team go down with so small a score; and rain coming on made it difficult for the bowlers in the secretary's innings. Seven changes were made in the bowling by Mr. McMurtrie, but the state of the ground was in favor of the batsmen, and Jardine and H. S. Fellows were able to top the score of their opponents, not out.

The scores were as follows:—

TREASURER'S XIII.

C. C. Deere, c. Chivers, b. Pendleton...	5
A. Bell, b. H. F. Comber.....	1
H. Fletcher, b. Pendleton.....	1
G. Paton, c. H. S. Fellows, b. H. F. Comber.....	0
L. F. Latham, c. H. S. Fellows, b. Pendleton.....	10
H. Harding, c. Webster, b. H. S. Fellows.....	8
W. J. McMurtrie, 1.b.w., b. G. F. Fellows.....	15
E. Wright, 1.b.w., b. H. S. Fellows.....	4
J. A. Lormier, b. G. F. Fellows.....	1
J. E. Davey, b. H. S. Fellows.....	0
W. Strange, b. G. F. Fellows.....	0
F. Blackburn, not out.....	5
J. Swift, b. G. F. Fellows.....	0
Extras.....	2
Total.....	52

SECRETARY'S XIII.

W. Jardine, not out.....	30
H. F. Comber, c. Strange, b. Davey.....	4
H. S. Fellows, not out.....	36
J. Meadows.....	0
G. F. Fellows.....	0
W. W. Pendleton.....	0
W. M. Webster.....	0
E. J. Lloyd.....	0
G. S. Fellows.....	0
J. Giminarias Jr.....	0
H. C. Pollok.....	0
E. F. Chivers.....	0
J. Amorim Jr.....	0
Extras.....	3
Total for 1 wicket.....	73

PERNAMBUCO AMATEUR ACTING CLUB.

On Thursday, 29th ult., the Club gave a dramatic performance at the Theatro Club Dramatico Familiar in aid of the fund for the new organ in the British consular chapel. The programme was well chosen, and the casts included the best amateur talent of Pernambuco. The theatre was prettily decorated and brightly illuminated. Mr. E. A. M. Fenton made an efficient stage manager, and Miss Iris Fenton carried off most of the acting honors of the evening by her charming impersonations of *Minnie* in a *Grandad's Darling*, and *Dulcie* in a *Vice-Versa*. The same young lady showed she was a good dancer as well as a good actress by filling up one of the intervals with a new and original skirt dance. Excellent acting was also shown by Messrs. T. A. Comber and H. Blackburn, who were at their best in the exquisitely funny second act of a *Vice-Versa*, when Mr. Bultitude and his son Dick change bodies.

The programme was as follows:—

GRANDAD'S DARLING.

Lovell (old and blind).....	Mr. T. A. Comber.
Pattifart (a retired pork butcher).....	Mr. C. Deere.
Minnie (Grandad's darling).....	Miss Iris Fenton.

PYGMALION AND GALATEA.

Pygmalion (an Athenian sculptor).....	Mr. T. A. Comber.
Galatea (an animated statue).....	Miss M. Brander.

VICE-VERSA.

Mr. Bultitude's Body... Mr. H. Blackburn.	
Dick Bultitude's Body... Mr. T. A. Comber.	
Dr. Grinstone (school-master).....	Mr. Thos. Comber.
Mr. Shellack (a Canton merchant).....	Mr. W. W. Hayes.
Clegg (a cabinman).....	Mr. G. S. Fellows, Jr.
Tipping.....	Mr. L. Latham.
Clawner.....	Mr. G. S. Fellows.
Giffin.....	Mr. H. Harding.
Coggs.....	Mr. H. C. Fellows.
Coker.....	Mr. F. Fellows.
Eliza.....	Mr. H. F. Comber.
Dulcie (Dr. Grinstone's daughter).....	Miss Iris Fenton.

THE GREAT DEMONSTRATION.

Vernon Howard (amateur socialist).....	Mr. T. A. Comber.
Bill Boggles (professional working man).....	Mr. H. Blackburn.
Mary (unprofessional parlourmaid).....	Miss Brander.

We would like to add a word of praise for the neatness, correctness and artistic appearance of the programme, a copy of which has been kindly forwarded to us.

ROOMS TO LET

Two pleasant rooms with board at No. 2 Rua Boa Vinda, S. Domingos, only five minutes from the Barra station.

TO LET

Nice rooms at No. 93, Rua Barão de Guaratiba, with or without pension; near to the sea shore, possesses shower baths, and all comforts and cleanliness.

Entrance through the Rua do Russell, Ladeira da Gloria, in 5 minutes.

For particulars apply to No. 40, Rua Sete de Setembro.

PLANTATION

For Sale, at one hour's journey from the station of S. Francisco Xavier, on the left bank of the Rio Iguaçu (within sight of the railroad bridge.)

a large landed property,

which was once composed of five plantations, (Bica, Camboaba, Nazareth, Galeão and Cantagallo), comprising many square kilometres of lands, level and all of which can be worked with the plow. It is very suitable for cow pastures, being now in condition to feed 200, and with the clearing of the pasture, 500. It is likewise very suitable for the cultivation of rice, sugar-cane, tobacco, cacao, maize, beans, mandioc, rubber, of which it already possesses plants. The advertiser purchased these lands for planting and rearing a forest of Eucalyptus, comprising one to two millions of these valuable trees which in a few years would increase to many times this number. Unfortunately the capital upon which he counted, the proceeds from sales of other properties, failed him, and he has been obliged to stop with the planting of fifteen thousand plants, of which a great part already measure 24 feet and more in height, and sell. The plantation has low level water, but with height and quantity enough for running any machinery.

The property can be seen and examined at pleasure by applying to the proprietor, PEREIRA DE FONSECA at No. 64, Rua Torres Homem, Villa Isabel.

Collegio Americano Fluminense.

Persons desiring to matriculate their children with please communicate with the Directress,

Miss LAVONA GLENN,
No. 115, Praia de Botafogo,
Botafogo.

SHORTHAND.

Wanted, a good short hand clerk. Apply by letter, stating experience and salary required, to
"MATRIAL," at this office.

STENOGRAPHER.

Wanted a Stenographer, one who can take notes in English, translate into Portuguese, and use Typewriting Machine. Apply giving particulars of previous employment and salary expected to Caixa do Correio No. 80, São Paulo.

CLOS ST. CHARLES

This mark of Messrs. Hanappier & Co's. Bordeaux wine which is the best table claret on the market, can be obtained at moderate prices at Messrs. CRASHLEY & Co., 36 Rua do Ouvidor, and Mr. C. N. Lefebvre 23 Rua da Candelaria.

PRICE'S

ENGLISH PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

This old established house has comfortable accommodation for families and single gentlemen on moderate terms. Excellent baths. The position is a healthy one and is situated in attractive gardens.
Rua Livramento, No. 143.

Hotels.

THERESOPOLIS
GRANDE HOTEL THERESOPOLIS

SITUATED AT THE ALTO DO THERESOPOLIS
CLIMATE VERY HEALTHY
GEORGE SCHNEIDER has the honor of advising his friends and patrons that he has taken charge of the management of the Hotel Theresopolis, where he expects to merit the continuation of the kind patronage heretofore extended to him, and offering all possible comforts to convalescents and summer guests.
The Hotel furnishes transportation to the foot of the *monte* and vice versa.
References may be obtained at:
Messrs. Netto, Bastos & Co., No. 12, Rua de S. Bento.
"Monteiro Fr. & Co., " 58, " Vis. Inhamim.
" Soares & Niemeyer, " 6, " do Alameda.
Mr. Bernardino da S. Carvalho, No. 1, Rua Fresco.
Telegr. Address:—Georges, Theresopolis.

VILLA HUMAYTA.

(FORMERLY ALLEN'S HOTEL.)

No. 8, RUA HUMAYTA

Furnished or unfurnished apartments with or without board. In this well known establishment, which has been thoroughly improved under new management. Shower and swimming baths; good attendance and cooking; wines of the best quality price moderate.

Hotel dos Estrangeiros

PRACA FERREIRA VIANNA
(Cafeteria)
Telephone No. 8,008

This hotel, which has been completely restored, is situated in the best part of the city, receiving air and light from all four sides, close to the clearest beach of the city, surrounded by a large garden; has large, comfortable rooms newly and well furnished, good shower and warm baths, disinfectants in the water-closets, drinking water filtered by the Pasteur system, good table-service, and is, therefore, to be considered the first hotel of this capital.
Possesses also a sumptuous saloon and splendid table-service for banquets.
Its restaurant and service cannot be excelled.

FREITAS HOTEL

120, Rua do Riachuelo

Mr. J. F. FREITAS, proprietor of the old and well known Freitas Hotel, desires to advise his friends and former customers that he has reopened that hotel at No. 120 RUA DO RIACHUELO in a large and most attractive edifice acquired for this special purpose.

The new establishment is situated in one of the most attractive and healthy localities in the city, on a broad and quiet street, with trains for all central points of the city passing the door. It has a large and beautiful laid out pleasure garden, particularly suitable for ladies and children, and well-appointed bath-rooms provided with hot and cold water.

The Hotel is specially adapted for families, for whose comfort and convenience nothing will be found lacking. It contains a large drawing-room, and its dining-room opens on verandas overlooking the garden.
Special attention will be given to orders by mail and telegraph.

ALPINE HOUSE HOTEL

RUA DO AQUEDUCTO, 65

On the line of Sylvestre tramway, Santa Theresa, to be reached in 20 minutes from town.

This house is highly recommended for its excellent position and most beautiful view of the far ocean, city and islands, being situated on the very summit of Santa Theresa hill, and entirely out of reach of fever and malaria. It is therefore, a most safe place for foreigners, tourists and new arrivals.

The hotel is surrounded by beautiful parks, walks, and a large forest.

The restaurant and kitchen are first class.

THE PROPRIETOR,

VIUVA SUZANA MENTGES

Grande Hotel Metropole

181, RUA DAS LARANGEIRAS, 181

This popular Hotel has been completely and thoroughly restored and has been provided with sanitary improvements of every description, including a hygienic system of sewerage, flushing tanks, and ventilating pipes.

The apartments have been repainted and repaired throughout and are luxuriously furnished. The dining-room has also been refurnished, and no expense has been spared to make this

The most comfortable Hotel

in the city. The baths have likewise been improved. As before, particular pains will be taken to provide the guests of this Hotel with a first-class table, and with the best of service and attention. The electric tram passes the door every few minutes, making it the most convenient as well as the pleasantest Hotel in Rio de Janeiro.

As supplied to
Her Majesty the
Queen of England.

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TELEGRAMS OF THE WEEK

United States.

JULY 9.—The New York *Sun* published a highly sensational article on South American affairs. It declares that if the decision is favorable to Great Britain in the Venezuelan boundary question, Brazil will be bordered and menaced by three European nations. In this case, adds the journal quoted, it is probable that the United States will object to arbitration in the Franco-Brazilian question, fearing that France will be closing up to Amazonas. It is considered probable that President McKinley will invite Col. Roosevelt to take over the portfolio of war.

Telegrams from Santiago de Cuba announce another outbreak of yellow fever there, with a large number of deaths daily.

JULY 10.—The despatches received in New York say that a revolution is imminent in Guatemala. Two deputies there, Sr. Ubiz and Santa-Cruz, who protested against the decree condemning to death all those who refused to accept paper money, were immediately shot by order of the government.

General Alger denies that he has any intention of resigning his portfolio. He adds that the resistance of Aguinaldo is due to the disloyalty of other nations which are supplying him with money and arms. (It is curious in this connection to read a telegram from Berlin on the same date, which says that the United States have destroyed the commerce of the Philippines, and that no faith is to be placed in the American telegrams from there reporting great victories.)

The Polish residents in Chicago have held a large meeting to protest against an Anglo-American alliance.

JULY 11.—A house in Monroe street, New York, was completely destroyed by fire, and 20 persons were seriously injured.

Havana telegrams say that General Brooke has decreed that all treaties relating to Cuba during the Spanish dominion are now null and void.

The Canadian government having sent troops to the Alaskan frontier to maintain order, the Washington government has resolved to send others in their territory for the same purpose.

Aguinaldo refuses to liberate the military prisoners in his power, but has authorized the liberation of all the civilian prisoners held by the Tagalos.

JULY 12.—The New York evening papers say that the government has decided to send 6 batteries of artillery and two regiments of volunteers to the Philippines immediately.

Orders have been given to arm the transports taking troops to Manila in order that they may attack the armed vessels of the Tagalos. (There is evidently something hazy about this telegram, as the United States has a powerful fleet of warships on the station capable of dealing with the Tagalo flotilla. We presume it is merely a confusion with the telegram immediately preceding.)

JULY 14.—The organization of a battalion of rough-riders for service in the Philippines is being actively pushed forward.

Reinforcements for the Philippines left San Francisco to-day.

Manilla telegrams say that the Tagalos have been driven from their trenches at Mantilupa.

Spain.

JULY 9.—General Rios, the last governor-general of the Philippines, arrived in Madrid last night from Manila.

The rumor that Sr. Villaverde, the minister of finance, intended to resign his portfolio has been officially denied.

JULY 10.—Several of the Madrid papers say that the government has sent orders to the military authorities in the north of Spain to redouble their vigilance to prevent a Carlist invasion.

There was a popular manifestation against the new taxes in Oviedo, which degenerated into riots and conflicts with the police. The disturbances were quickly quelled.

JULY 11.—The chamber of deputies by 176 to 100 votes adopted the reply of the cortes to the speech from the throne.

A collision of trains at Matas Verdes in Alicante caused severe injuries to eleven persons.

JULY 12.—New disorders have broken out in Barcelona on account of the fresh taxes imposed by the budget.

The chamber of deputies yesterday began the discussion on the budget for 1899-1900, and dealt chiefly with the proposed unification of debts.

The Queen-regent with her son and court are expected to leave Madrid next week for San Sebastian, where they will pass the remainder of the summer.

The state of siege in Valencia has been raised, as order is now completely reestablished there.

JULY 13.—The discussion on the unification of debts still goes on in the chamber of deputies, where the liberal minority has proposed an amendment.

El Imparcial says that the Queen-regent has offered to surrender to the state 2,000,000 pesetas from her civil list, and that the government has decided to accept her offer. The same journal says that the Queen has asked Sr. Silveira and Villaverde to come to some arrangement with the liberal party so as to bring the discussion on the budget to a speedy close.

The municipality of Barcelona voted to-day 20,000 pesetas for the festivities in honor of

the French squadron that is shortly to arrive at that port. The inhabitants are preparing a brilliant reception.

JULY 14.—The Emperor of Germany has conferred the grand-cross of the Red-Eagle on Sr. Silveira.

Four thousand miners in Bilbao have gone out on strike for higher wages.

The cabinet has thanked the Queen for her donation of one million pesetas. (The fact now appears that the Queen-regent, in view of the existing crisis, has only given a million pesetas for one year, instead of surrendering two millions from her civil list permanently.)

Sr. Villaverde, minister of finance and all the leaders of the minority have had a conference to arrange if possible a basis on which the discussion on the budget can be closed and parliament prorogued without danger to the public service until next August.

Great Britain.

JULY 9.—The parliamentary commission on the subject has decided in favor of making gold the only monetary standard in India. A great democratic meeting was held in Trafalgar Square to-day to protest against the interference of the government with the Boers in the Transvaal.

JULY 10.—Kzenezvitch, the attempted assassin of ex King Milan, has stated that he was paid by the radical party to commit the crime, but he refuses to say who were his accomplices. Several priests, including the archbishop Melic, have been arrested on suspicion of being concerned.

Telegrams received from St. Petersburg announce the death of the Czarwitsch George Alexandrovitch, heir to the throne. (The Grand-Duke George was born April 27, 1871, and has always been a delicate invalid, mostly residing abroad in search of health. He was heir apparent in default of male issue of his brother, the reigning czar.)

Sir Julian Paucetole has returned to London from the peace conference at the Hague.

From Alexandria the figures are sent stating that since the bubonic plague broke out there, 67 cases have been noted, of which 26 have died. The natives are incensed against the sanitary regulations made by the health authorities, and there are frequent disturbances.

Replying to the liberal leader, Mr. Chamberlain informed the house of commons that the negotiations for a solution of the difficulties with the Transvaal were still in a state of confusion.

JULY 11.—The government has given orders for the immediate despatch of 2,000 tons of war material to South Africa. In the house of commons, Mr. Wyndham, alluding to the fact, said that the bullets to be sent were identical with the dum dum, which provoked the Irish members to cries of: "Shame!"

To-day, 120 ships of war were mobilized for maneuvers and evolutions drill.

Rear-Admiral Harris arrived yesterday in Delagoa bay on board the 2nd-class cruiser *Doris*.

JULY 12.—There is great activity in Aldershot preparing for the despatch of infantry and cavalry to South Africa. The staff has orders to have all troops under orders ready for immediate embarkation.

The government has thanked Lord Langington, the governor of Queensland, for his offer of troops to serve in a Transvaal campaign, but has not accepted in the hope that it will not be necessary to employ force to obtain satisfaction from President Kruger.

All the British officers in Egypt, who had obtained leave of absence to go home, have been ordered to remain at their posts until further orders.

JULY 13.—The heat in London is suffocating, and there are fears of a serious drought.

The destroyer *Lee* had an explosion of one of her boilers to-day.

Telegrams from Suez announce the arrival there of Admiral Tacey.

Lady Salisbury had a slight attack of paralysis to-day, but her condition is satisfactory under the circumstances.

Commander Bethell, M.P., the conservative member for Huddersfield, addressed a largely attended meeting and spoke against the idea of a war between Great Britain and the Transvaal. (The Bethell family was much mixed up in the question some years ago, as the reports of the law courts will prove.)

The rumor runs in Capetown that Sir Alfred Milner is planning a *coup d'état* by which Sir J. Gordon Sprigg will again be prime minister.

A meeting which was intended to be held in Worcester, Cape Colony, in favor of British policy in South Africa, proved a complete failure.

The electoral franchise question is now being discussed by the Volksraad.

JULY 14.—Telegrams from Johannesburg say that the British government has telegraphed to its representative in the Transvaal, accepting, with small modifications, the last concessions made by President Kruger. English opinion in Capetown is that the franchise bill presented by the President to the Volksraad is absolutely unacceptable. (We doubt the first sentence in toto, and the second in part.)

The Cape Colony parliament was opened to-day with the customary solemnity. In the course of his opening speech Sir Alfred Milner laid stress on the amicable relations that exist between the Cape and all the South African states.

France.

JULY 9.—M. Louis Havet, an intimate friend of Dreyfus, to-day published in the *Figaro*

an account of the cruelties inflicted on the prisoner in Cayenne. According to his story, Dreyfus, during an illness which lasted two months, was kept in irons and only allowed a diet of bread and water, even while the code of cassation was discussing his case. The government have transferred M. Deniel, commander of the Devil's island, to another post.

The great printing offices of Messrs. Demachy, Pech & Co. of Bordeaux were completely destroyed by fire. The losses are said to amount to two million francs.

It is stated in Paris that the German Emperor has decided to call at St. Malo on his return from Bergen. This news has made all the chanciers tremble.

The Italian minister to France, Sr. Costantino Russani, died in Paris to-day.

JULY 10.—The *Smarelli* serum is beginning to again attract the attention of French scientists, owing to recent telegrams from New York relating numerous cures effected by its applications.

President Loubet has pardoned two of those condemned for the attack made upon him at the races at Autail.

The Paris papers to-day publish the report of the enquiry made by the prefect of police in March last, in which he inclines to the belief that the royalist party furnished money to the nationalist and anti-jewish sections to disturb order.

The notice is confirmed that the French government intend to release the Italian general Giletta de Saint-Joseph, who was recently condemned to five years imprisonment for espionage at Nice. The release will probably take place on the 14th inst.

JULY 11.—The *Figaro* says that the Italian government will severely punish General Giletta, who was recently convicted of espionage.

General Pellieux has challenged Senator Delpech to a duel for having accused him of protecting the cause of Esterhazy.

M. Paul Déroulède denies as ridiculous the statement that as president of the patriotic league he received royalist money to foment disturbances in Paris at the time of the death of M. Faure.

M. Albert Grévy died in Paris to-day at the age of 75 years. (The deceased who was a brother of M. Jules Grévy ex President of the republic, was a member of the national assembly in 1871, and has since served as vice president of the chamber of deputies, governor-general of Algiers and senator.)

The friar Flamand, who was charged with having caused the death of a scholar in the Christian schools at Lille in February last, has been set at liberty as his perfect innocence has been established.

JULY 12.—Mme Du Paty de Clam has confessed that her husband was an accomplice in the forgeries of Col. Henry.

Emile Zola, being asked for an interview on the Dreyfus case, replied that he would only speak on the subject after the verdict of the court-martial at Rennes had been delivered. He added that the rumor that he was about to publish a romance based on the Dreyfus case was absolutely false.

M. Mesquieu de Beaupaire, ex-judge of the civil section of the court of cassation, has addressed a letter to General Gallifet, the minister of war, in which he asks permission to prove the treason of Dreyfus before the military court at Rennes.

General Duchesne, who was appointed to enquire into the charges made against General Pellieux of having protected Esterhazy in the course of the enquiry into his conduct, has presented his report to the minister of war, but his conclusions are kept secret.

There have been anti-clerical demonstrations in Lille on account of the release of Brother Flamand, announced above. The police have had to take special precautions against an attack on the convent of the Christian Brothers.

The Senegalese members of the Marchand mission left Toulon to-day to take part in the military review at Longchamps on the 14th inst, at which Marchand and his officers will be present.

General Giletta, who has been released, proceeded to Placeaux, where he was arrested by the Italian authorities and placed in close confinement.

JULY 13.—It is announced in Paris that the Czar Nicholas will visit Paris, Vienna and Berlin in August next. (In view of the mourning for his brother, this is highly improbable.)

A man named Plinchoy was arrested to-day in Nancy and charged with being a spy.

The Senegalese sharpshooters of the Marchand mission have received a splendid reception at Combevoie.

The anti-clerical riots in Lille were renewed to-day, and most of the windows of the churches and convents were broken. Some well-known catholics were assaulted in the streets. The police made over thirty prisoners.

—An application for "packet privileges" at Montevideo costs about \$21, and is good for the life of the steamer. On the plea that steamers are cutting out sailing vessels and that the grant of those privileges are prejudicial to the port, certain papers are sent official to Montevideo asking the authorities to repeal and abolish. Should this idea be carried out, the ocean mail steamers and river steamers will certainly suspend the Montevideo call and that port will return to the primitive condition of a hundred years ago.

PAYSANDU CRICKET CLUB.
LAWN TENNIS TOURNAMENT 1899

The tennis has sent us the following programme and regulations:

1. Gentlemen's Singles, Men's only.
2. Gentlemen's Doubles, Men's only.
3. Ladies' Singles. If sufficient open entries are received.
4. Mixed Doubles, open.

Entrance fees, Singles 100-000
Doubles 100-000 per pair.

All entries must be advised to the Hon. Treasurer (H. J. Reeves, 56, Rua Quitanda) on or before 21th inst.

The Handicap will be announced on or before 1st August and the 1st round must be completed on or before 31st August.

The 2nd round must be completed on or before 17th Sept.

Semi-finals and finals on or before 12th October.

Semi-finals and finals will be played on the Paysandu ground.

Other rounds may be played on any ground, but all players have the right to prefer the Club ground.

The regulations are subject to alteration at discretion of the Tournament Committee.

A. J. REEVES } Tennis Tournament and
C. HENDERSON } Handicap Committee
Rio, 11th July, 1899.

R. C. A. v UNITED BANKS.

This tennis match took place on the Association ground on Sunday last, and resulted in a win for the United Banks by 6 matches to 3, 13 sets to 9, 127 games to 115.

P. Barry and E. A. Tootal beat C. Henderson and H. Estill.	6-3. 10-8
P. Barry and E. A. Tootal beat N. W. Jackson and C. Block.	6-4. 6-4
P. Barry and E. A. Tootal beat A. Weigall and D. J. Greentree.	6-4. 6-0
H. Evers and R. Willes beat N. W. Jackson and C. Block.	7-5. 6-8. 8-6
H. Evers and R. Willes beat A. Weigall and D. J. Greentree.	6-3. 5-7. 5-7
H. Evers and R. Willes beat C. Henderson and H. Estill.	7-5. 5-7. 6-3
O. W. Rolls and H. Weigall lost to A. Weigall and W. J. Greentree.	3-6. 3-6
O. W. Rolls and H. Weigall lost to C. Henderson and H. Estill.	2-6. 2-6
O. W. Rolls and H. Weigall beat N. W. Jackson and C. Block.	14-12. 2-6. 6-2

COFFEE NOTES

—The export of coffee from Victoria during the last half year was 133,222 bags.

—It was announced on June 7th that the official quotation for "spot" Brazilian coffee would be discontinued. Hereafter the price will be fixed by private dealers.

—According to the secretary of finance of the state of S. Paulo, there are in that state 15,075 coffee plantations, which he classifies, according to the number of trees, as follows:

Not over 50,000 trees each.	11,234
From 50,000 to 100,000 trees.	1,841
" 100,000 " 200,000 "	999
" 200,000 " 500,000 "	597
Over 500,000 trees each.	34
Not classified.	337

Total ... 15,075

The motive power used in the machinery for preparing the coffee for market is in 1,243 cases steam and in 450 cases water. The amount of the mortgages reported is 239,250,080\$970, a sum which, in the opinion of the secretary, the mortgages not reported will increase to about 240,000,000\$. The debt not secured by mortgage, says the secretary, is estimated by competent persons at about 180,000,000\$. The secretary says that on account of the fall in prices the crop of 1898 was worth 239,534,068\$ less than that of 1895.

—The following statement shows the quantity of coffee exported from the state of Espírito Santo in the last seven years together with the official value and the amount of the export duties paid thereon:

Year	Kilos	Official value	Duties
1892	16,673,372	15,271,510\$700	1,679,866\$177
1893	21,763,169	27,418,367\$284	2,864,638\$579
1894	23,217,161	28,562,625\$116	3,419,084\$930
1895	24,644,177	31,527,477\$189	3,742,800\$113
1896	25,291,368	24,845,217\$813	2,968,410\$195
1897	34,791,491	28,594,962\$985	3,384,026\$723
1898	33,449,991	24,858,370\$644	2,936,016\$135

The average official value per kilo and the extreme rates of sterling exchange per 1000 in those years were as follows:

Year	Average official value per kilo	Lowest E. exchange	Highest E. exchange rates
1892	915 reis	10 1/2	16 1/2 d.
1893	12259 "	10 3/16	15 3/4 "
1894	15234 "	9 1/16	15 "
1895	15280 "	9 "	11 3/4 "
1896	982 "	7 7/8	10 7/16 "
1897	821 "	6 7/8	9 1/4 "
1898	743 "	5 21/32	8 15/16 "

THE RIO NEWS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

A. J. LAMOREUX, Editor and Proprietor

contains a summary of news and a review of Brazilian Affairs, a list of the arrivals and departures of foreign vessels, the commercial report and price current of the market, tables of stock quotations and sales, a summary of the daily coffee reports and all other information necessary to a correct judgment on Brazilian trade.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, JULY 18th, 1899.

THERE can be no doubt of the fact that the government is in need of more revenue, and it is equally true that the people would be glad to supply it if they could, providing of course that it is used for the public benefit. But all the recent increases in taxation have been fruitless; every increase has led to nothing but negative results. The logical conclusion must be that the people can not meet these increased demands, and if perchance a new tax wrings something from them in one direction, they are compelled by their necessities to curtail expenditures in another. The results of recent budget legislation point clearly in one direction—every increase in the rate of taxation obstructs business and reduces the revenue. This being the case, plain common-sense teaches that the policy of increasing taxes should be abandoned, and that a trial of reduced rates should be made. In other countries, a reduction in the rates of taxation when they had reached a restrictive point, has frequently resulted in an increased revenue. Possibly it may be that the general poverty of consumers at the present time would prevent the realization of good results from a decrease in taxation, but it is certain that if they can not pay the smaller tax, they will not pay the larger one either. It will be good policy, however, to give the experiment a fair trial. We are confident that the revenues will suffer no prejudice from a decrease in import duties, for instance, while the chances are that they will be increased. If business men would take up these questions and discuss them in the public press, they would have no difficulty in pointing out articles of merchandise whose consumption would be greatly augmented by lower prices. Why not do it?

THE 1868 GOLD LOAN.

To the Editor of The Rio News.

Sir—I have been a holder of bonds, Empréstimo Nacional de 1863, for many years, having always looked upon them as specially secured, each *titulo* being endorsed with a full specification of the conditions of issue, and bearing a solemn obligation under the sign manual of the late lamented Visconde de Itaboraí, to pay the interest half-yearly in gold and amortization over the space of 30 years—so much so that it should be possible to sue the Treasury under any one of the *titulos*.

But, to my surprise and indignation, I find the present finance minister has seen fit to pass the dividend due on 1st April last, without having given any previous intimation of his intention to do so, and apparently without any scheme or proposal to present to the unfortunate bondholders, or any attempt at justification. Had these bonds been on the London market, no doubt they would have been included within the Rothschild arrangement lately effected here, tho' I believe these bonds are largely held by Europeans.

I write to you in the hope that in your much, and very justly, feared paper you might see fit to bring the subject into more public notice, and the government into remedying this most scandalous

BREACH OF FAITH.

London, June 22, 1899.

We very much fear that either denunciation or protestation is crying in the wilderness." Harsh as it may sound, it must be said that the true

value of a contract is very rarely understood or appreciated in Brazilian official circles. Whether we take such an agreement as that of the S. Pedro lands where Minister Buarque de Macedo had a dispute referred to arbitration and then refused to abide by the decision, or whether we take these bond contracts which have been so cynically broken during the last year or two, the case is the same. There is an absolute want of respect for the pledges of the government.

Possibly the reason for this is that officials are unable to feel responsibility for purely official engagements, and possibly, too, they have drawn a false deduction from the prevalent official belief that the state is sovereign and is therefore irresponsible. A man may be ever so honest and straightforward in his private affairs, but the moment he is placed in charge of a responsible government position, he is sure to think and act arbitrarily.

Last year, when the funding loan scheme was made public, we were compelled to condemn the procedure, though we believed the scheme the only practicable one available. The arbitrary means employed to devise and enforce it, were certainly censurable and constituted an undeniable breach of faith. So too with the recent conversion of the 1889 loan, or the re-conversion of the converted 1895 loan. And now we must add the suspension of interest payments on the 1868 loan, which was only last week covered by titles of a funding loan.

Perhaps the present minister of finance has gone further and acted more arbitrarily than his predecessors, but he is not the only one who thinks that the government has the right, as well as the power, to modify or break a contract at pleasure. There is unfortunately a lack both of sound moral principles as well as sound business principles in political life, and the evil will go on ever increasing, until the people themselves wake up and compel reform.

As for these breaches of faith, they will in time work their own cure. If a loan has binding force no longer on the government, no one will care to trust his money in such hands and the day will come when loans will be earthily refused, except on humiliating terms, as happens to be the case to-day with Argentina. That country has played fast and loose with its creditors, and now it is told that it can not have any more money on any terms until after it has reformed its financial methods and redeemed its expenditures.

And this is exactly the experience that Brazil will have unless she mends her ways. She can not scale down the interest charges on her borrowings at pleasure, and at the same time go on spending enormous sums on ironclads, pretentious military organizations, parasitical subsidies, unproductive railways, and an excessive army of office-holders. The creditor will want to know why the sacrifices are not first made at home, and he will have a right to know. He is not to blame for the misgovernment which causes deficits and compels borrowing; he did not ask the government to come to him for money; he simply loaned a certain sum in cash on a formal promise to pay a certain rate of interest and to redeem the principal within a stated number of years. He believed the investment to be secure, and he believed in the good faith of the borrower. In private life, were a borrower to refuse to pay the rate of interest agreed upon, or to meet the conditions of redemption, legal proceedings would be in order to compel him to comply with his agreement. But when the borrower is a government, some think the obligation and recourse are inherently different. We do not.

The *Pitz* of yesterday complains that houses of ill fame are being extended into streets occupied by respectable families and calls the attention of the chief of police to the evil. But what good will it do? The root of the evil is not so much with the occupants of these houses as with their patrons. The vice is in the people themselves, and as long as they indulge openly in immoralities just so

long will such houses exist. The cure will not be found in closing these houses, but in a thoroughly reformed home and social life, a sound education and the promotion of industrious habits among young men. An idle man is very apt to be a vicious man. If a man is employed, if he cultivates habits of study and reflection, if he shuns cafés and theatre lobbies, the chances are that he will lead a clean and useful life. And it is to the promotion of such habits among young men that the press should address itself, rather than to complaints about vices which spring from idleness and corrupting associations.

ONE of our local exchanges of the 13th notes that Sr. José Brazilliano Leite de Menezes has submitted to the chamber of deputies a scheme for relieving the financial crisis, and as our readers will already have surmised, it is nothing less than an increase of taxation. He proposes a tax of 2 1/2 per cent. on the net profits of commercial houses in this capital, the same to be determined on the closing of commercial books for the year. He calculates that the tax will yield 6,250,000\$ a year, and he only asks 1,500,000\$ for the suggestion. Why the tax should be limited to Rio de Janeiro we can not imagine, for a very large share of responsibility for our financial troubles rests upon the shoulders of provincial representatives. And how he can imagine that the net profits on commercial transactions in this city are now 250,000,000\$ a year, when many firms are not even able to meet expenses, is more than we dare speculate upon. It really invades the realm of the supernatural.

THE *Provincia do Pará* has exposed its monumental simplicity by sending down various photographic copies of the so-called "accord" between Bolivia and the United States. The absurdity of the accusations is so manifest that discussion is no longer possible. The report, according to nothing but a copy of an unsigned memorandum said to exist in the archives at Puerto Alonso. There is no proof that such a document exists, and if it did exist, its want of signature divests it of any value whatever. It might have been composed by some scribbler in the Puerto Alonso custom-house who is dreaming of a diplomatic career. The copy is not authenticated in any manner whatever, and for aught we know might have been invented at Manaus, or Pará. As a sort of guarantee of respectability, this hasty memorandum is accompanied by an official report signed by Lieut. Col. Uboff, military commander of the frontier, which is designed to show that his handwriting is the same as the accompanying copy. But Uboff's signature is different from the body of the order, and we are again in doubt. The whole business is a ridiculous intrigue, in which the *Provincia* appears in a very discreditable light.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES

JULY 11.—*Senate*.—The senate discussed the Mattio Grosso question and voted a bill for regulating the administration of the Aaylo de Deputy Sarzedillo complained that the post office is tampering with his correspondence. The chamber rejected by a vote of 95 to 18 the bill for changing the date for the opening of congress. There was received a message from the President asking for a special appropriation of 17,645\$17 for salaries of professors reinstated at the Collegio Militar. The following special and deficiency appropriations were voted in 3rd discussion:—7,500\$ for the widow of Matthew Lowrie; 39,352\$500 for the war expenditure of 10,000\$ for commemorating the fourth centennial of the discovery of Brazil.

JULY 11.—*Senate*.—Senator Gomes de Castro spoke on the army bill. He opposed fixing the number of enlisted men at 28,160 when it is known that there are only 15,000 actually in the service and that the appropriations that congress is expected to vote are for the latter number. In the course of his remarks he took occasion to say that the constitution is constantly violated and it would be well to revise it if the government is unable to observe its provisions and enforce respect therefor. Senators Ramiro Barcellos and Aquilino do Amaral discussed the Mattio Grosso question.—*Chamber of Deputies*.—The bill on the ineffectiveness of officers and soldiers killed in the war in Bolivia was voted in 1st discussion.

JULY 12.—*Senate*.—Senator Aquilino do Amaral spoke on affairs in Mattio Grosso. Senator Pires Ferreira in a speech on the army bill said that there are regiments that have more commissioned officers than enlisted men. For instance the 14th regiment of cavalry has only 40 enlisted men, the 39th battalion of infantry 39 and another regiment of cavalry only 25.—*Chamber of Deputies*.—Deputy Cassiano spoke on affairs in Mattio Grosso. He asserted that he was authorized to say that ex-President Prudente de Moraes, Vice-President Rosa e Silva and Gov. Luiz Viana all approve of the action of President Campos Salles in regard to the state.

JULY 13.—*Senate*.—Senators Pires Ferreira and Antonio Azeredo discussed affairs in Mattio Grosso. The senate voted in 2nd discussion the bill on the new tax regulations. Senators Almeida Barreto and Gomes de Castro discussed the army bill.—*Chamber of Deputies*.—Deputy Luiz Adolpho spoke on affairs in Mattio Grosso. In regard to affairs in Pernambuco there was a warm discussion in which the sitting was twice suspended.

JULY 15.—*Senate*.—The bill on the new tax regulations was voted in 3rd discussion and the army bill in 2nd discussion. Senator

Oiticica spoke against some of the provisions of the bill for redemption and guarantee funds. *Chamber of Deputies*.—During a stormy debate on affairs in Pernambuco the sitting was suspended.

PROVINCIAL NOTES

—The Amazonas state assembly was formally installed on the 10th inst.

—The Pará papers state that U. S. Consul Kennedy is about to return home on leave of absence.

—The municipal council of Ribeirão Preto, São Paulo, is distributing seed wheat, oats and alfalfa gratuitously.

—Rains have fallen recently in the interior of Bahia, but still the reports of the drought are most unfavorable.

—An Italian named Corisso was arrested in Santos on the 13th on his arrival from S. Sebastião. He had in his possession 9,000\$ in counterfeit notes of 500\$.

—In Sergipe Col. Valadão's partisans seem to be attempting to make use of the 26th battalion of infantry for the purpose of regaining control over the state.

—Heavy rains were reported from Pernambuco on the 14th inst. The Recife and Limoeiro railway was damaged at various points, and traffic was interrupted.

—An Italian employer (industrial) named Anarato, says a Rome telegram of the 12th, is advising his countrymen not to emigrate to Pará, whose climate is of the worst description.

—The governor of the state of Rio de Janeiro has not yet executed the law for reinstating the Gavinho municipal chamber at Campos. And we presume he does not intend to.

—On the 15th inst. Comillor Silveira Martins arrived at Rio Grande do Sul, where he was visited by a large number of friends. It is stated that he will go to Bagé and afterwards come to Rio de Janeiro.

—Deaths from yellow fever continue to be reported from Bahia. A telegram of the 14th announces the death of Mr. W. Phillips, manager of Messrs. Wilson & Co., Ltd., at Bahia and Pernambuco.

—A telegram of the 13th inst. from Santos says that for want of friction tubes the fort at that port failed to respond to the salute of the Italian cruiser *Fierrosmo* which had arrived there on the previous day.

—According to the public force bill now before the Minas state assembly the police force for next year will consist of 1,820 men, including a squadron of cavalry. The expense is estimated at 2,428,195\$000.

—Two counterfeiters arrested at Jafú, São Paulo, were lodged in the São Paulo prison on the 13th inst. They were caught passing counterfeit 500\$ notes. Would it not be good policy to punish some of these criminals?

—A political banquet is to be given to Deputy Glycerio at Rio Claro, São Paulo, some time this month. He is spoken of as one of the chiefs of the "concentração republicana," the alliance created to defend President Campos Salles.

—The building occupied by the Theropopolis municipal council and the state revenue collector was burned on the 11th inst., and with it the papers and values existing in the archives. It is to be feared that the collector will now be unable to render an account.

—A Desterro telegram of the 11th notes the discovery there of a large burial urn containing a gigantic human skeleton, some articles of glass and a stone knife. It is reported that the skeleton was sold to a German physician who will remove it to the Munich museum.

—During the last calendar year 2,228 immigrants were imported by the state of Minas Geraes, of which 2,111 were Italians. The expenditure of the state for the year was 518,614\$89, or nearly 233\$ per capita. And when the immigrants get dissatisfied, they pull up and move into some other state.

—The superior court of Porto Alegre has condemned Judge Manoel Teles de Gueiroz for the crime of prevarication. We presume the offence is the innocent pastime sometimes brutally called lying, but as the prosecution is only one step in a long political struggle between the judge and the castillistas, we may presume that it is only a freak of the imagination.

—Col. Serra Martins has been appointed commander of the Pernambuco police force and Col. Teixeira de Carvalho has been relieved of the command of the 11th battalion. It is stated, says a telegram of the 11th inst., that the state government's action in this respect was influenced by the fear of events in Pernambuco similar to those that have occurred in Mattio Grosso.

—The Rio correspondent of S. Paulo *Diário Popular* seems to be able to see danger and intrigue on every side. Rio is convulsed with sensation over the idle report that the "Williamington" is taking soundings along the coast, and also over those photographic copies of worthless documents from Pará. We have not seen the sensation, it must be confessed, but the correspondent says it exists, all the same.

RAILROAD NOTES

—A project has been presented to the state assembly of Minas Geraes for the concession of a railway from Juiz de Fora to Poços de Caldas.

—It is stated that the director of the Central has been looking into the accounts of his ticket-sellers at the Rio station, and has discovered reasons for dismissing three of them.

—The Viação Paulista tramway company of São Paulo is now hurrying forward preparations for electric traction.

—On the 15th inst. the president of the tribunal of accounts ordered the registration of the payment of 155,859,883 for coal furnished to the Central railway by the Empresa Industrial Brasileira.

—The traffic receipts of the Leopoldina railway for the week ended 8th inst. amounted to 397,956,000 against 371,622,000 for the corresponding period in 1898, which is an improvement of 26,264,000, for the week.

—The judicial sale of the Sapucaia property is announced to take place to-day. An anonymous communication to one of the morning papers says that a scheme for reorganization is nearly ready for submission to shareholders and debenture-holders.

—A recent London telegram says that negotiations for the sale of the Sorocabana lines are progressing satisfactorily. The business is in the hands of Mr. E. A. Benn, manager of the London and Brazilian Bank of this city, who is acting in his private capacity in the matter.

—Reports are again current in São Paulo of the sale of the Paulista railway to an English syndicate, and the quotations of that company's stock is correspondingly high. One would think that this speculation had been repeated just a little too frequently.

—The *Pais* of the 14th says the minister of finance is busily studying the conditions of the sale of a São Paulo railway, which is said to be the Sorocabana. But what has the minister of finance to do with it? The sale would be a blessing to São Paulo, for the property is now wretchedly managed.

—Mr. H. G. Bennett has been appointed to the position of assistant storekeeper of the Leopoldina railway in Rio, and we understand that he arrived here by the R. M. S. *Nile* last week to take up his new duties. Mr. Bennett has been in the employ of the Madero port works in Buenos Aires for the past eleven years.

—The *Jornal do Commercio* of the 16th calls the attention of the government to the circumstance that the Mogiana, Paulista and Sorocabana railways of S. Paulo and the Leopoldina railway of Rio de Janeiro, have been substituting firewood for coal in their locomotives. The *Jornal* says this will devastate our forests and decrease our national wealth, and calls upon the government to prohibit the practice.

—The approximate traffic returns of the São Paulo railway during the month of June show that there were 41,345 tons of imported cargo carried against 35,919 tons in the same month of last year. The exported cargo showed 20,344 tons last month against 19,436 tons in June 1898. There was, however, a falling off in the interstation traffic as only 13,952 tons were carried last June as compared with 18,244 tons in June 1898. The passenger traffic, 100,411, showed a satisfactory increase of 1,650 over that of the corresponding period of last year. The railway is doing well, and we are not surprised to see by the London papers that its stock is at a premium.

SHIPPING NOTES

—At last arrives the U. S. cruiser "Chicago" from Cape Town, and expects to arrive at Rio about the middle of August.

—The "Beagle" was in Rosario on the 7th inst. and the officers were preparing to give an entertainment to their friends on shore.

—The American gunboat "Wilmington" left Santos on the 11th inst. and proceeded to Desterro, Santa Catharina, where she remained until the 14th, proceeding thence to Rio Grande.

—The Italian cruiser "Fieramosca," carrying the pavilion of Vice-Admiral Banchetti, commanding the South Atlantic squadron, entered this port from Santos on the 15th inst. The customary salutes were exchanged.

—A fair business has been done, since our last issue, with Brazil at same rates as previously quoted, 16s. from below bar and 18s. from up-river ports being the current figures both for Santos and Rio. A large quantity of flour and a fair one of corn having gone forward while a good enquiry prevails on the part of shippers. *Times*, Buenos Aires, July 3.

—The United States coast and geodetic survey boat "Pathfinder," Capt. F. W. Perkins commanding, arrived in port on Sunday. She comes from Norfolk and is bound to San Francisco. We regret to say that the "Pathfinder" is remaining here only three days, though in the present state of feeling toward the United States we could not guarantee her officers as hospitable a reception as they might expect. The officers are obtaining copies of tidal observations in this port, which might possibly be looked upon with a jealous eye.

—The mystery about the "Newark" which was reported overdue at Valparaiso, and then in distress at some unknown port in southern Chile, is at last explained by the following item taken from the *Buenos Aires Standard*:—The U. S. cruiser "Newark," 4,100 tons, Capt. C. F. Goodrich commanding, is reported to have run out of coal at Leon on the Chilean coast, which port was reached after buffeting with a series of tremendous storms. The "Newark's" steam launches were sent to communicate by telegraph with the authorities and without waiting for the request for assistance to be confirmed by the U. S. Minister the Chileans started two steamships loaded with coal and provisions to the assistance of the distressed warship. This act is said to have made a great impression on all Americans in Chile.

—A London telegram of the 12th says that the American steamer "Paris," which went on the Manacle rocks on May 21st, has been floated. The ship had been abandoned by the owners, and turned over to the underwriters. The floating of the steamer after so long a time on the rocks, in so dangerous a place, and with enormous holes torn through her bottom, is a remarkable performance. Captain Watkins, of the "Paris," has been suspended for two years.

—This morning H. M. S. *Imperieuse*, the flagship of Rear-Admiral Henry St. Leger, Bury Palliser on the Pacific station, entered this harbor homeward bound and saluted the shore and the Italian warship *Fieramosca*. She is a first-class armored cruiser, and larger than any of the British ships on this station. Her tonnage is 8,400 with an indicated horse power of 8,000, which can be increased to 10,000 under forced draught. The *Imperieuse*, which has been relieved on the Pacific station by the *Warspite*, only stays here sufficiently long to coal ship, and leaves to-morrow morning. We regret we were unable to visit her.

LOCAL NOTES

—The eminent composer Saint-Saens left for Europe on the 12th inst.

—There will be a smokers at the Laranjeiras Club on Saturday evening, 22nd inst.

—The sum which the government contributes to the horse-race in honor of Gen. Roca is said to be 20,000,000.

—It is well to be on your guard against sun-ill-pox. There are a hundred cases in the hospital and the disease is increasing.

—The Brazilian painter Victor Meirelles is raising money by subscription to enable him to paint a panorama celebrating the discovery of Brazil.

—A letter published in Saturday's *Jornal do Commercio* complains of the indecency with which the public is treated at the caixa de amortização.

—The *Jornal* hears that a defalcation of 60,000 has been discovered in the administration of a charitable society for the protection of children.

—It is stated that a treaty of permanent arbitration between Brazil and Argentina will be signed during the visit of President Roca to this capital.

—The residents along the Villa Isabel tramway lines are protesting against the increased fares authorized by the recent contract, which went into effect yesterday.

—A Buenos Aires telegram says that President Roca will be accompanied by a staff of 25 persons, not including the officers of the squadron and the newspaper reporters.

—Among the passenger arrivals by the "Clydes" last week we note the name of Mr. John Gordon, local managing partner in the well known house of Messrs. E. Johnston & Co.

—On the 15th inst., the new Japanese minister, Mr. Naniro Okoshi, presented his credentials to President Campos Sales and exchanged the customary good wishes for both countries.

—There was another fire at the old market on the night of the 10th inst., which destroyed what was left of the north chalet, on the Cães das Marinhas. An inquiry is being made into the cause of the fire.

—Some days ago police authorities raided a gambling saloon and some of the gamblers seized the clerk of a police court who accompanied the raiders, and immersed him in a tub of water. The chief of police is very indignant.

—It is stated that Gov. Luiz Vianna's friends are preparing to give him an imposing reception on his arrival in this city. In São Paulo there are said to be similar preparations. The governor, we understand, is expected to arrive next Sunday or Monday.

—The chief of police has very wisely taken up the question of providing a proper asylum for the vagrant children found in the streets of this city. The President has promised government assistance and the S. Bento monks have offered money to aid the scheme.

—If in order we would suggest that President Roca should be served with a *feijão* some time during his visit to Rio. It would be a great mistake to let him go away without giving our national dish a fair trial. And then—"Depois feijão, vinho tinto!"

—As we go to press another fire is in progress at the old market, in the main building, but happily it is under control. A pleasing incident is said to have been the arrival of a boat, with a small fire-engine, from the Italian cruiser "Fieramosca," which was greeted with cheers.

—Some one hundred operatives, dismissed from the marine arsenal sometime ago, have been sent to the state of Pará, where lands have been offered them. It is a good scheme to give these workmen lands, and the example of Pará might well be followed by Rio de Janeiro and Espírito Santo.

—Col. Valladao has obtained a leave of absence and has asked for permission to spend in Sergipe the period for which it is granted. The colonel is evidently desirous of repeating the coup d'état by which in 1894 he seized the government of that state. Why should the government grant leaves of absence for such purposes?

—The exceptional number of reports of cricket, baseball and tennis matches received, again compels us to suspend the publication of *Uncle Abner's Recollections*, and other articles already in type. "Uncle Abner," however, is enjoying the vacation, and urges us to let the ball go on. He says he can stand it as long as the cricketers can.

—The story is told (in a telegram to São Paulo) that on the 12th the chief of police arranged with his delegates, with every precaution against publicity, to raid various gambling houses. At night the raid came off, but only five gamblers were caught, all the rest having been advised of the danger. The chief of police is greatly disgusted with the disloyalty of his subordinates.

—We regret to learn that in the preparations that are made for the reception of Gen. Roca some of the trees on Campo S. Christovão. These acts of vandalism, for they are nothing else, ought to be unsparingly denounced. It ought to be made criminal to cut down a shade tree in this city, where they are so necessary for health and comfort.

—We have had the pleasure of a call this week from Rev. G. W. Chamberlain for many years resident in São Paulo and now in charge of the Presbyterian mission in Bahia. Mr. Chamberlain has been making a hurried visit to the presbyteries of São Paulo and Rio, preparatory to his departure for the United States to attend a general synod. Our best wishes for a pleasant trip go with him.

—A public school teacher gave a boy a whipping a few days ago, and the prefect has accordingly suspended him for the savagery, and has reported him to the police. The Brazilian school-boy must not be whipped; if the teacher can not stand a boy's insolence and insubordination, it is better to close the school. Whipping hurts the boy's dignity, and the law does not permit that.

—Some days ago the police arrested a man named Loureiro on suspicion of stealing two silver salvers. The accused confessed the crime and said he had sold the articles at a shop on Rua da Carioca. He was sent there with a detective, but on arriving there he said he had left them at a house in Rua das Laranjeiras. On his way there, he suddenly threw himself under an electric tram and was killed.

—It will be remembered that the state of Amazonas paid out the sum of 2,708,000 as an indemnization for the suspension of a certain contract. The parties interested have gone to law about the money, the man who received it, Dr. João Martins da Silva, claiming that he had spent 1,503,000 in order to get it. The virtuous and patriotic authorities of Amazonas appear to put a fairly good price on their services!

—Among the departures this week by the Pacific str. "Oravia" are Rev. John L. Kyle, L. D., for many years connected with the Presbyterian mission in Brazil and more recently a professor in the theological seminary established here by that church. Mr. Kyle has also been in charge of the Presbyterian church at Nova Friburgo. He is accompanied by his wife and daughter and expects to make a brief visit to friends in England and Scotland on his voyage to the United States. Our best wishes for a pleasant voyage and an enjoyable vacation go with them.

—Rua Sete de Setembro was up all last week laying a return current for the telephone service of the city. We have no complaint against the people who were doing the work in the narrow street, for it was promptly and expeditiously done as far as they were concerned, and the street was better paved on one side than before. But we do complain in the interest of the crowds who had to use the street of the want of capacity shown by the municipal authorities who did not block the street to heavy cart traffic, which caused continual danger to life and limb, and made it necessary for passengers to run into doorways to prevent being crushed.

—Among the passengers arriving here to-day on the Pacific Mail steamer "Oravia," is Mr. William I. Buchanan, United States minister at Buenos Aires. Mr. Buchanan enjoys the exceptional distinction of having been retained at his post by an administration to which he is opposed in politics. He is therefore filling a second term at Buenos Aires, where he enjoys great popularity. He has won great praise from his own countrymen and exceptional consideration from Argentines for his conscientious and thorough attention to matters affecting commercial relations between Argentina and the United States, and for the sound judgment displayed by him at all times and on all occasions.

BIRTH.

At Rio de Janeiro, on the 16th inst., the wife of Edward Haynes, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

BARHAM—ELLIS.—On the 11th inst. at the British Consulate in Santos, by the Rev. Irvine Crawshaw, English Chaplain at Rio de Janeiro, Mr. E. A. BARHAM to MRS. FLORENCE, second daughter of Mr. David Ellis of Santos.

DEATHS.

HENTZ.—On the 15th inst., of typhoid fever, after an illness of ten days, ELEANOR LESLIE HENTZ, wife of William Booth Hentz, of this city.

TOLSON.—At Votomint, Sorocaba, on June 28th, of yellow fever contracted in Rio while seeing his family off to England, our esteemed workmate and companion JAMES TOLSON.

ELEANOR LESLIE HENTZ.

The death of this estimable and talented lady has fallen upon us like a bolt from a clear sky. Young and in the enjoyment of all the health, a pleasant home and a multitude of friends could give, she had the right to look forward to a long and happy life.

Some years ago, just as she was passing from girlhood into the more serious affairs of life, she opened a girls' school at Palmeiras, in which she was assisted by a younger sister. Later on they came back to this city and opened the Collegio Progresso, first on Santa Theresa, and then in more commodious quarters in Rua Haddock Lobo. The success of the school was phenomenal, and Miss Leslie soon found herself at the head of her profession in this capital. She was a teacher and directress of rare talent and tact, as her success and popularity amply testify. And to-day, the grief manifested by her old pupils is eloquent of the influence she exerted and of the love which they felt for her. And among the many friends who gathered about her grave on Sunday last to render a last tribute of respect and affection, there were many Brazilians present who felt her loss even more keenly than her own American countrymen, because she had educated their daughters and had given them so good an example of a noble womanhood.

She was married a few years ago to Mr. W. B. Hentz, a prominent dentist of this city, and they withdrew from the school to which she had dedicated so much of her life, but she still continued to take a warm interest in educational matters. She will be missed by a wide circle of friends, and most of all by those nearest and dearest to her, to whom we offer our sincere condolences.

BRITISH CHURCH.

BUILDING FUND.

Amounts received:	
Already published.....	86,521\$720
London & River Plate Bank, Ltd.,	
London Office.....	2,000\$000
Messrs. Knowles & Foster,	
London.....	2,000\$000
H. A. De Lisle, Esq. (4th don.).....	2,000\$000
R. Ross Duffield, Esq., London.....	1,000\$000
C. P. Hargreaves, Esq. (2nd don.).....	1,000\$000
F. S. Pryor, Esq. (2nd don.).....	1,000\$000
Louis R. Gray, Esq.....	500\$000
H. Delfield, Esq.....	250\$000
C. Arnold, Esq.....	25\$000
	96,296\$720
Cost of restoration.....	109,146\$920
Deficit.....	12,850\$200

Rio, 17th July, 1899.

F. S. PRYOR,
Treasurer.

BUSINESS NOTES

—Advices from São Paulo state that Paule Landell de Moura gave a public exhibition of "wireless telephony" on Sunday last.

—A telegram of the 12th says that the cable ship "Vikings" has completed the repairs on the Amazon cable between Manaus and Itacoatiara.

—A planter named Castro Vieira claims to have discovered a mine of plumbago on his plantation, near S. Fielis, state of Rio de Janeiro.

—On the 15th a state stamp tax went into operation at Bahia. It should have been borne in mind that Bahia is carrying burdens enough without this iniquitous stamp tax.

—It is stated that the creditors of Messrs. Soares & Niemeyer, printers and stationers, have refused to accept the 20 per cent offered, considering that the firm can pay more.

—A commercial firm at Jaguarão, Rio Grande do Sul, has been condemned to pay 23,000 for the loss of 73 volumes of contraband goods deposited with them for safe keeping.

—During the six months ending June 30th last the Mogiana railway brought down to Campinas 101,701 kilos of mangabeira rubber, or 45,910 kilos more than in the corresponding period of 1898.

—At the extra economica (government savings bank) of the state of Rio de Janeiro the deposits in the first half of the present year amounted to 1,307,648\$ and the withdrawals to 1,110,432\$545.

—The Nova Fabrica Rink is furnishing cloth to the navy at the following prices:—garanee, 9600 per metre; azul ferrete, 88700; flannel, 48500. The width of the flannel and garanee is 1m.40 and that of the blue cloth (azul ferrete) 1m.30.

—The *Diário Popular* hears that Srs. A. Gulinart & Iruao are thinking of establishing a large weaving factory at Rio Claro, using the water power of the Rio Corumbatuba. They have commissioned a firm of electrical engineers to report upon the project.

—The *Gazeta de Uberaba* is informed that there are now about 30,000 head of cattle on various *lavouradas*, as the pastures are called where cattle are deposited and fed up on their way to market. This is considered a large stock and is said to be due to decreased consumption caused by hard times.

—The transfer deeds of the S. Lazaro and S. Christovão properties, acquired by the government for a new arsenal and intendency of war, were drawn up on the 14th, and the Banco da Republica is to pay over 1,500,000\$ at once to cover the costs of adapting the buildings to official requirements.

—It is said that maize has been produced in such quantities in the municipality of Carmo da Franca, São Paulo, that it is sold for only 10000 the cartload, which last year brought 50000. If transportation were cheaper, prices would be more uniform, the abundance of one locality supplying the scarcity of another.

The dry-goods trade of Pernambuco is largely in the hands of three Swiss firms, and the remainder in those of Portuguese and native houses. Formerly British firms had the entire dry-goods trade, and when they ceased to exist, native retail dealers ordered direct from Manchester. Mr. Consul A. F. Howard writes that, if British manufacturers wish to retain their hold of Brazilian markets, they should furnish their would-be customers with the necessary information. Details in advertising might be given, and that they should adopt the metric system in their calculation of weights and measures, etc. It is quite useless to send catalogues and price-lists printed in English, and quoting English weights and measures. — *Textile Mercury*, June 24.

FINANCIAL NOTES

Hence there is still little inducement to purchase Brazilian securities.—*The Statist*
June 24.

COMMERCIAL.

1 strg.	16.37 c.
Value of \$1.00 (\$4.50 per £), str. in Brazilian currency (paper)	6\$107

EXCHANGE.

The official rates of the day as compared with those of the corresponding day of last year were as follows:—

MARKET REPORT.
Rio de Janeiro, 18th July, 1899.

MARKET REPORT

Exports.—The declared sales of the previous week amounted to about 26,000 bags against entries of 44,562 bags and shipments of 35,172 bags. The sales in the foreign markets were returned as 29,000 bags in New York, 52,000 bags in Havre, 27,000 bags in Havre, 27,000 bags in Hamburg and 14,000 bags in London, making

Specimens from Rio in 1898-99

corrected to correspond with the quantities reported here given shows an excess of 129,894 bags over the

NAMES	July	Aug
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Arhuckle Brothers.....	41,773	40.
J. W. Doane & Co.....	8,309	14.
E. Johnston & Co.....	6,669	31.
W. F. McLaughlin & Co.....	22,683	20.
Ornstein & Co.....	8,660	15.
Ward, Bond & Co.....	6,600	

Hard, Kauld & Co.....	3,511	22.9
Karl Valais & Co.....	5,850	16.8
Arelz & Co.....	3,500	19.7
Levering & Co.....	6,625	13.8
Norton, Megaw & Co.....	7,594	8.8
Zenha, Ramos & Co.....	11,056	8.0

Wille Schuillinsky & Co	31,700	20,
Pecher & Co.....	4,700	21,5
Gustav Triuks & Co.....	23,132	41,6
Naumann Gepp & Co.....	4,625	4,6
Karl Kriache.....	1,886	2,5
Roberto do Couto & Co.....	4,101	4,1

Aug. Leubá & Co.....	1,375	4,100
Andrade Fortes & Azevedo.....	4,000	6,000
Rich, Riemer & Co.....	4,578	6,750
Empreza Industrial Brasileira.....	575	3,000
Pierre Pradez & Co.....	2,125	4,000
D. S. Menden & Co.....	2,000	3,000

P. S. Nicolson & Co.....	7,000	7
Sequeira & Co.....	5,457	3,8
Steinwender, Stoffregen & Co.....	551	3,8
Motta, Cunha Freire & Co.....	..	..
Gustavus Gudgeon & Co.....	..	1
Jorge Dias & Irmão.....	1,585	1,6

Lacombe & Co.....	3,497	6,5
John Moore & Co.....	295	8
Ed. Ashworth & Co.....	856	1
Paria Cunha & Co.....	..	5,6
Dias Pereira, & Almeida...	1,201	3,6
Figueira & Irmão.....	..	..

F. G. Figueira	1,207	
Pinto & Co.		3,
A. Fiorita & Co.		1,
Sampaio & Ribeiro		
Emilio de Barros & Co.		
Insulino, Figueira & Co.		

Paulino Tinoco & Co	178	
Fonseca Silva, & Co.....	..	
C. Castello Branco & Co.....	112	
M. Miranda & Co.....	..	1,
All others.....	269	1,

Total.....	201,347	332,
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[illegible]

2,515	"	"	type of Good Hope
153	"	"	River Plate, etc.
			Coastwise
<hr/>			
43,608	bags.		

The following ships sailed with coffee last week:

July 11	New York	Br. str. <i>Chaucer</i>	4,833
15	do	Br. str. <i>Cyprian Prince</i> ...	16,700

July 8	Marseilles Fr. str. <i>Les Andes</i>	4,796
"	Naples do	80
"	Oran do	375

77	Philippeville	do	.....	31,5
78	Constantinople	do	.....	125
79	Smyrna	do	.....	1,750
80	Samsun	do	.....	1,623
81	Trebizond	do	.....	125
82	Western Germany	str. Coblenz	.....	135

9	Antwerp Germ. str. <i>Lothien</i>	1,376
"	Bremen do	250
11	Fiume and Trieste Aust. str. <i>S. Istran</i>	4,007
"	Varna do	125
"	Smyrna do	125
"	Piræus do	500

Total Shipments of

The *Journal de Commercio* of 13th July publishes the
Years from the three ports mentioned :

Total Shipments of Coffee from Brazil.

The *Journal do Commercio* of 13th July publishes the following table of Coffee Shipments for the last Three Years from the three ports mentioned :

	1896-97		1897-98		1898-99	
	<i>United States</i>	<i>Europe</i>	<i>United States</i>	<i>Europe</i>	<i>United States</i>	<i>Europe</i>
Rio.....	2,341,759	832,478	3,004,619	1,360,611	2,359,171	700,435
Santos.....	1,567,830	3,357,462	1,356,027	4,659,490	1,958,034	3,577,924
Victoria.....	191,439	113,606	396,912	52,576	249,239	12,807
Total.....	4,101,518	4,304,546	4,757,588	5,972,477	4,566,441	4,361,166

from the port of Rio de Janeiro, with the names of all exporters shipping 1000 bags and more, revised and by the exporters themselves. The 8,173 bags represented by «All others» have not been revised. The total reports published in the daily press.

	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	Total
86	8,095	43,485	78,567	59,640	43,846	48,786	44,669	28,892	38,822	65,392	530,405
87	2,637	13,401	15,920	43,618	81,260	65,418	61,139	39,855	22,071	19,531	398,021
88	10,000	11,500	18,240	26,500	21,585	21,042	10,170	13,000	24,400	10,100	215,320
89	13,610	13,470	20,184	21,419	19,750	13,885	23,709	18,887	9,457	11,723	203,330
90	17,000	20,911	27,716	21,716	14,906	12,466	16,465	17,000	17,117	7,007	240,000
91	12,768	27,100	24,450	15,825	14,600	10,325	10,447	6,886	2,200	18,147	169,786
92	16,958	16,909	9,524	4,070	9,532	6,410	13,411	4,814	9,230	15,415	142,642
93	7,000	9,000	9,000	10,000	15,717	13,717	14,111	11,997	9,411	11,000	140,000
94	3,993	15,900	13,963	17,700	6,300	577	10,343	1,055	11,568	2,612	102,106
95	4,720	12,425	5,511	4,715	6,819	7,409	4,010	6,012	6,011	12,009	89,507
96	10,000	7,997	7,997	1,000	300	875	875	875	875	875	100,000
97	10,897	10,880	6,296	1,875	3,875	641	3,515	707	2,500	500	74,750
98	8,622	11,355	3,802	2,953	1,871	1,054	6,314	2,212	2,050	6,666	71,003
99	10,000	12,300	8,610	2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	69,250
00	8,183	7,118	1,112	4,918	6,506	5,137	7,559	2,623	4,182	3,501	58,430
01	11,249	6,559	5,354	5,000	3,792	2,404	5,430	993	4,545	3,035	45,342
02	10,000	10,000	5,000	5,000	1,770	3,300	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	69,250
03	3,615	12,719	3,002	2,084	2,714	2,888	6,054	900	2,340	2,230	49,793
04	9,510	3,912	8,175	1,923	5,525	5,000	701	531	2,435	4,000	79,000
05	7,156	13,872	10,664	40,725	3,411	4,460	4,460	1,075	3,078	3,078	100,000
06	5,650	6,260	5,534	5,155	2,835	2,322	2,096	683	...	...	40,000
07	2,014	7,118	8,772	...	146	5,554	...	...	...	...	8,000
08	1,100	5,103	2,052	4,735	5,201	4,350	4,640	2,500	100	...	34,468
09	3,475	5,200	16,975	2,250	1,000	300	1,225	...	...	...	904
10	1,100	2,812	2,812	2,500	2,668	1,400	815	610	1,170	...	4,200
11	1,100	2,291	1,498	552	1,473	2,400	1,198	620	2,394	2,000	25,296
12	8,322	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,000
13	1,235	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,525
14	3,572	3,081	100	430	200	1,837	2,067	2,688	1,121	...	26,269
15	5,000	3,124	1,258	506	396	844	665	1,273	1,733	754	10,794
16	1,390	711	1,255	581	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,000
17	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,553
18	1,295	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,433
19	1,335	1,725	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,862
20	2,015	675	200	...	264	...	250	...	...	...	1,

Stocks and Bonds and Joint Stock Companies --- July 17th.

Emission	Circulation	Public Funds		Nominal Value		Last Quotation
393,438,800\$	262,137,500\$	Stock 5% currency (apólices).....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$	880,000— 880,000	
164,987,000	104,550,000	Bonds of 1895.....		1,000	880 000— 990 000	
	124,655,000	do 1897, 6%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$		
119,600	119,600	Stock 4% (gold), converted 1890.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$	— 2,100,000	
30,000,000	11,884,500	Bonds, 4%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$	— 1,450,000	
51,884,000	21,679,000	Gold Loan, 1888, 6%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$	— 1,800,000	
109,694,000	18,350,000	Do do 1879, 4 1/2%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$		
Fcs. 17,500,000	Fcs. 17,500,000	Do do 1889, 4 1/2%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$		
		State of Espírito Santo.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$	650 000— 700 000	
11,709,000	11,709,000	Idem 6%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$	— 880 000	
5,000,000	4,328,200	Idem 5%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$		
Fcs. 65,000,000	Fcs. 65,000,000	Idem 6%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$		
	4,000,000	Idem 5%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$	440 000— 450 000	
600,000	600,000	Idem 6%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$		
10,000,000		Idem 5%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$		
25,000,000	23,613,200	Idem 6%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$	165 000— 167 000	
2,500,000		Idem 5%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$	75 000— 190 000	
520,000	520,000	Idem 6%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$		
400,000	400,000	Idem 5%.....		1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$		
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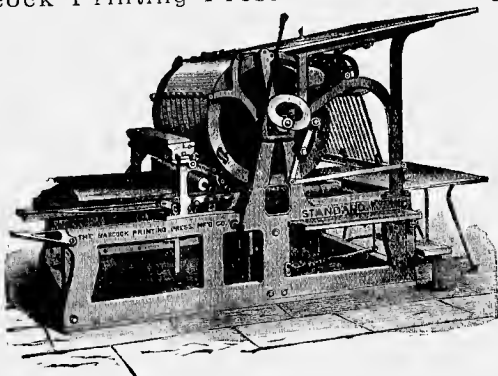
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Metal-Booted Rubber Type
and patent "Air-CUSHION" STAMPS.
S. T. LONGSTRETH,
Office and works: 16, Travessa do Ouvidor,
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S.T. — Special attention given to large
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LUBRICATING OILS

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CLOS ST. CHARLES

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To be obtained at

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CLEVELAND BICYCLES

MODELS FOR 1895

Ladies, Gentlemen and Children

A complete stock of bicycle supplies of best American
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TIRES

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ESTABLISHED 1882

BERNARDINO TEIXEIRA & Co.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALVES NOGUEIRA & Co.)

Refrigerator goods, as fish, game, fresh butter, and
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Sole Agents for Heyman & Danish butter and Mineral
Tablewater "Crystal."

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essences, baking powder, yeast, raisins, currants, figs,
dates, plums and apples.—Crê Ansonie Claret in case
or bottled.—Whiskies, Brandy and Gin.

RUA DO OUVIDOR 46 and 48

Wine and Provision Merchants, Grocers and General
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SEA SICKNESS

28 cases were treated on board s.s. "Olin-
da" by Dr. Ephraim Pinto with Tincture of Ne-
candra and of these, 22 cases were com-
pletely cured, and the remaining four be-
came much better.

The illustrious naval surgeon Dr. Henri-
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men of war I have had occasion to use
Tincture of Nectandra Amara of Mr. Antero
Leivas against sea sickness and always
with excellent results.

Numberless testimonials of travellers jus-
tify the results obtained by these dis-
tinguished physicians, with the Tincture and
pills of the Nectandra Amara against sea-
sickness.

In order to facilitate the use of this medi-
cine a prospectus accompanies each bottle
written in the Portuguese, English and
French languages.

N. B. The Nectandra Amara pills are for-
mulated with the same doses of the Ne-
candra, in order that they may be sent by
post all over the world with the least pos-
sible delay to supply the want of the Wine,
Elixir and Tincture of Nectandra Amara,
which are liquid and cannot, therefore, be
transported by the same rapid and sure
means.

For sea sickness, nausea in pregnancy,
impoverishment of blood, weakness of the
legs and convalescence after long and si-
rious illness, the pills should be ground
and dissolved in a small glass of Port wine
in order that they may be taken as a liquid to
insure a prompt action; it is also to facilitate
for adults and children who cannot take
dry pills, and in this case they can be di-
solved in pure water if no wine is to be
had.

Persons who have no connections here
and who may desire to have these most
useful pills can obtain them by applying
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Old regular Line Sailing Packets to
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Regular Lines of Steam Packets between
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Departures from Rio de Janeiro on the 1st
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Bahia, Antwerp and Bremen.

Passengers and cargo for all ports of the different
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Passage Rates: 1st-cl. 3rd-cl.
Rio-Antwerp, Bremen..... 400 Marks & 9-
" -Lisbon..... 350 " " 7-
For further information apply to

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Steamships.

ROYAL MAIL
STEAM PACKET COMPANY.
Under contracts with the British and Brazilian
Governments for carrying the mails.

TABLE OF DEPARTURES.
1899

Date	Steamer	Destination
1899		
July 24	Danube	Montevideo & Buenos-Ayres
" 26	Clyde	Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Vigo, Cherbourg and Southampton.

This Company will have steamers from and to
England three times a month.
Insurance on freight shipped on these steamers can be
taken out at the Agency.
For freight, passages and other information apply
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C. J. Casaly,
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LIVERPOOL BRAZIL AND
RIVER PLATE STEAMERS.
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE

PASSENGER SERVICE FOR NEW YORK

Wordsworth..... and Aug.
Coleridge..... 17th
Hevelius..... and Sept.

The steamer

"BUFFON"

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BAHIA PERNAMBUCO and
New York

Taking 1st and 3rd class passengers at moderate
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Surgeon and Stewardess carried.

The voyage is much quicker than by way of England
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Weekly cargo steamers for NEW YORK.

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PACIFIC STEAM
NAVIGATION COMPANY.
ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
DEPARTURES for LIVERPOOL.

Orellana..... Aug. 15th
Oropesa..... 15th
These popular steamers are fitted with the electric
light and all modern conveniences. Cuisine of highest
order.

For freights apply to F. D. Machado.

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SIGNATURE

Lea & Perrins IS NOW
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IN BLUE INK
DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE
OUTSIDE WRAPPER

of every Bottle of the

ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors,
Worcester;

Crosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London;
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RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

SAUCE.

"D.C.L."
BLACK
BOTTLE
WHISKY

Drink
Moderately

Take a little
whisky "for the
stomach's sake";
avoid excessive
drinking, and
you can then
afford to drink
the very best you
can get. "D.C.L."
Scotch is the
best. One glass
at meals, diluted
either with
water, or plain
water, aids dig-
estion, and is
thus modestly
recommended as
a safe and ab-
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— POCAHONTAS SMOKELESS STEAM COAL —

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Carbon	86.51	per cent.
Hydrogen	4.44	" "
Oxygen	4.95	" "
Nitrogen	0.66	" "
Sulphur	0.61	" "
Ash	1.54	" "
Water	1.29	" "

100.00 per cent.

Calorific Power. Pounds of water evaporated from 212° Fah. by one pound of the coal, as determined
in Thompson's Calorimeter, 15.4 lbs.
This coal is of high Calorific Power, being in this respect equal to the best Welsh Steam Coal, and is
excellent coal for Steam-raising purposes.

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Address of manufacturer:—Joaquim Bu-
ano de Miranda, Rua do S. Pedro "N. 74
1.º andar, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

THE RIO NEWS.

This paper is now in its 24th year, having originally
been published as *The South American Mail* and *The
Brazilian and American Mail*. It assumed its present
title at the beginning of April, 1875, when it was pub-
lished three times a month. From a tri-monthly it has
been changed to a weekly publication, and from four
pages it has been increased to twelve.

As an advertising medium *The News* occupies an
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widely throughout Brazil, and also in Europe and the
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Weekly Passenger service between Rio de
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naguá, Desterro, Rio Grande and Pelotas.
Sailings every Saturday at 4 p. m. in-
variably.

The Steamer
ITAPERUNA

will sail for
Paranaguá, Desterro, Rio Grande, Pelotas
and Porto Alegre,

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Freight and parcels received through the
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Valuables at the office, on the day of
sailing, till 2 p. m.

No encomendas of any description will be received at the Company's office.

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The Steamer
ITAHY

will sail for
S. João da Barra
on the 21st inst.

Cargo and encomendas at the Trapiche
SILVINO.